



Smart-BX UPS

Models 80 - 120 KVA



Smart-BX UPS

80 - 120 KVA

User Manual

FOREWORD

Thank you for choosing this product of **SMART-BX UPS 80-120kVA** range.

EnSmart Power is highly specialised in the development and production of uninterruptible power supplies (UPS). The UPS device described in this manual is designed and manufactured with care to guarantee uninterrupted power for your equipments and give you the best performance.

This manual contains detailed instructions for product use and installation.

For information on using and getting the best performance from your UPS, this manual must be stored in a safe place and CONSULTED BEFORE TAKING ANY ACTION ON THE UPS.

Please obey the instructions and all the warning stated in the manual or on the UPS. Do not run the UPS before finishing reading the safety and operation instructions.

Shipment

Carrying vehicles or handling accessories must have enough features and characteristics to carry UPS's weight.



DO NOT LIFT HEAVY DUTY WEIGHT WITHOUT HELP

| | |
|---|----------------------|
| 1 Person | <18 kg (<40 lb) |
| 2 People | 18-32 kg (40-70 lb) |
| 3 People | 32-55 kg (70-120 lb) |
| Carrying vehicles or handling accessories | >55 kg (>120 lb) |

Be more careful of sudden movements, especially when batteries are inside of cabinet.



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1 SAFETY and WARNINGS

1.1 Warnings

This manual must definitely be read and understood before installing the UPS. The installation and first start-up can be performed only by an authorized ENSMART POWER staff.

Installation and start-up by unauthorized persons may cause serious injury and/or result in death.

The UPS is designed to be used in continuous vertical position in fixed-positioned applications.



THE UPS MUST BE USED WITH GROUND CONNECTION.

Connect the ground cable before connecting the mains.

The ground leakage current may rise up to 0,4A.



THE UPS MUST BE DISCONNECTED FROM THE MAINS AND BATTERIES BEFORE SERVICING. ALSO, FOR SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE, WAIT FOR AT LEAST 5 MINUTES FOR THE DC BUS CAPACITORS TO DISCHARGE AFTER POWER OFF.

Service-Maintenance

All service and maintenance operations are performed internally. All parts of UPS can be serviced and replaced only by a trained technician.



Performing regular protective maintenance at least once a year is recommended beginning from the first installation. (This service will be provided for a fee by our authorized staff.)



BATTERY VOLTAGE MAY RISE UP TO 450 VDC!

Battery voltages are in deadly levels (450Vdc). Batteries must not be touched except the trained staff. Batteries certainly must not be thrown into fire. Regarding the topic of batteries which are dead and defected: The waste batteries must definitely not be thrown to nature. They must be delivered to **ENSMART POWER** authorized technicians or to the foundations which are authorized for collecting waste batteries by the Ministry of Environment.

1.2 Clearance and Access

Clearance

There exist no air inlet or outlet grilles on the sides of 80-120 kVA UPS. All air is taken through front and evacuated through fan grids on the upper side. There must be 1 m clearance at least at front side of UPS. There should not be permanent or temporary use within the limits specified. Otherwise, the UPS's performance will decrease.

Access

Operator can reach the inside of UPS through front panel on our products in the range of 80-120 kVA. Therefore, enough area must be left for operator. No limitation exists for the rear and sides of the device.

1.3 Storage

The UPS should be kept in a room or area where is protected from excessive moisture and heat before commissioning.

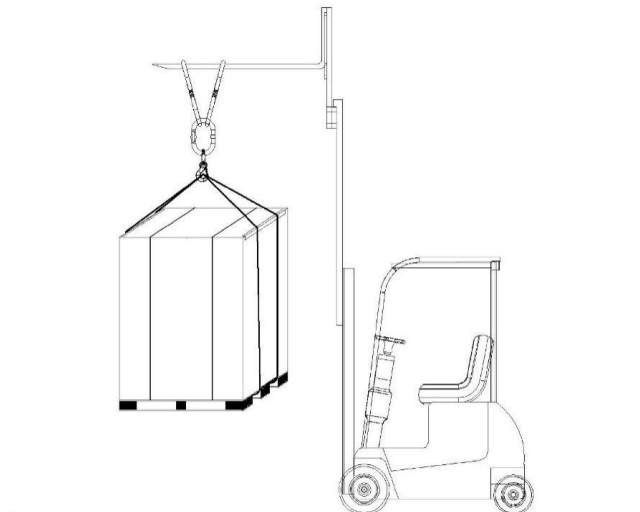


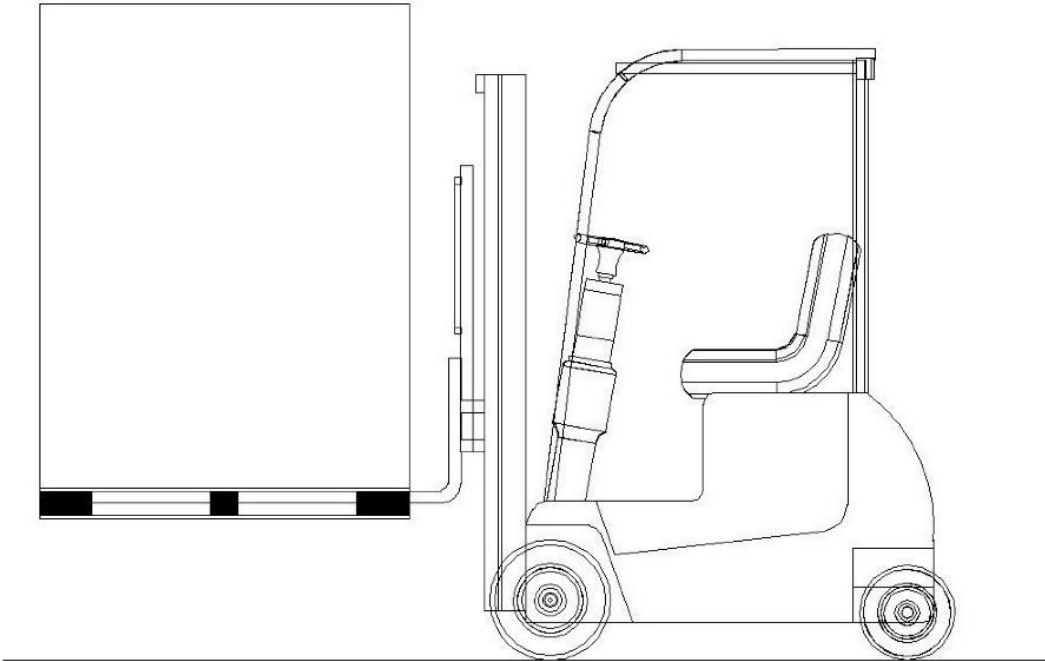
Unused batteries must be charged at regular intervals. This time interval is determined by the battery supplier. Charging batteries can be performed periodically by connecting to a proper mains for a while.

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1.4 Shipment

Carrying vehicles or handling accessories must have enough features and characteristics to carry UPS's weight.





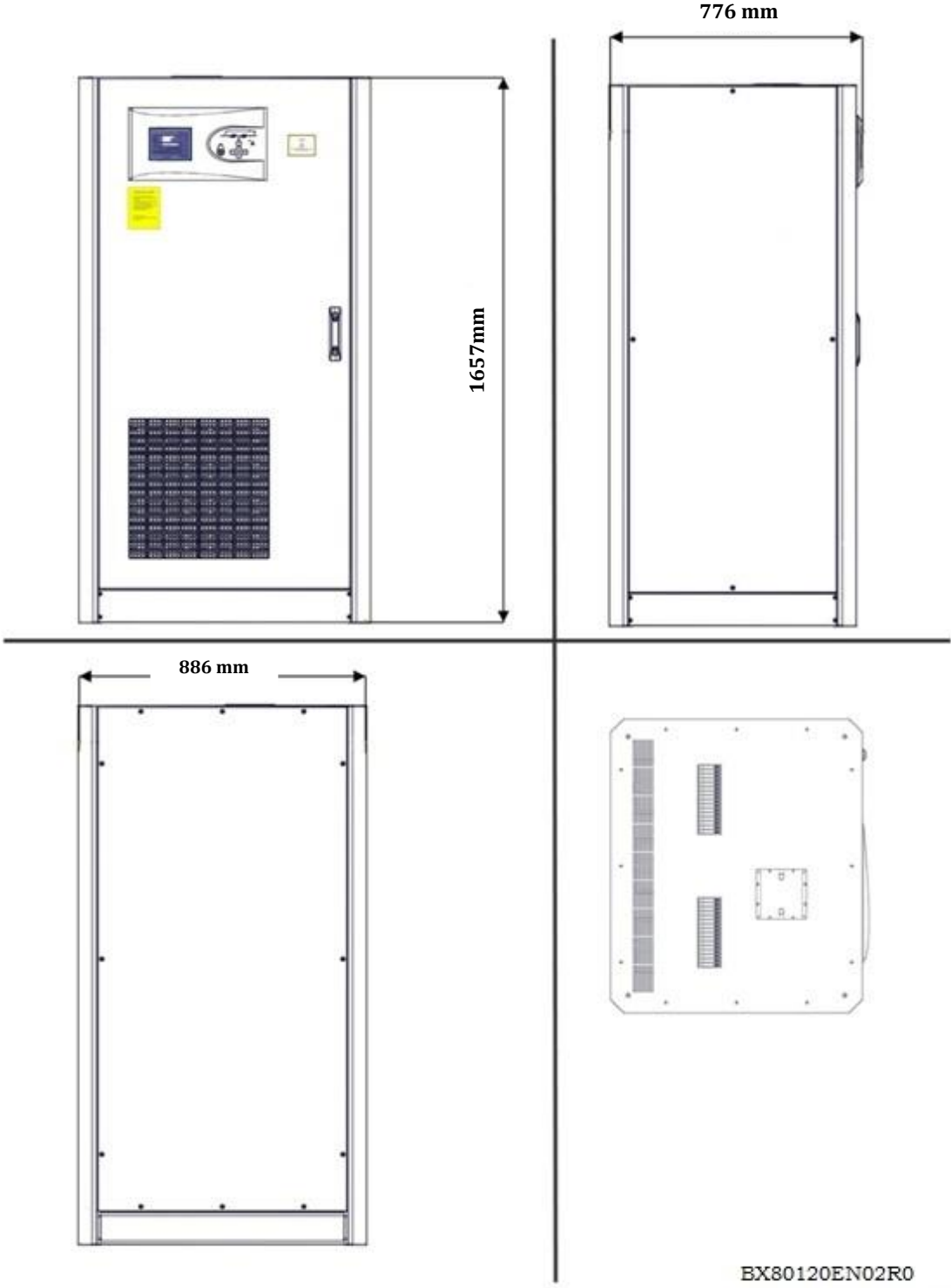
The cabinet is equipped with four wheels. By this means, it can be easily moved and placed. These wheels must only be used on smooth surfaces.

After the UPS has been placed on an appropriate position, front wheels must be locked. Back wheels are fixed. Be more careful of sudden movements, especially when batteries are inside of cabinet.

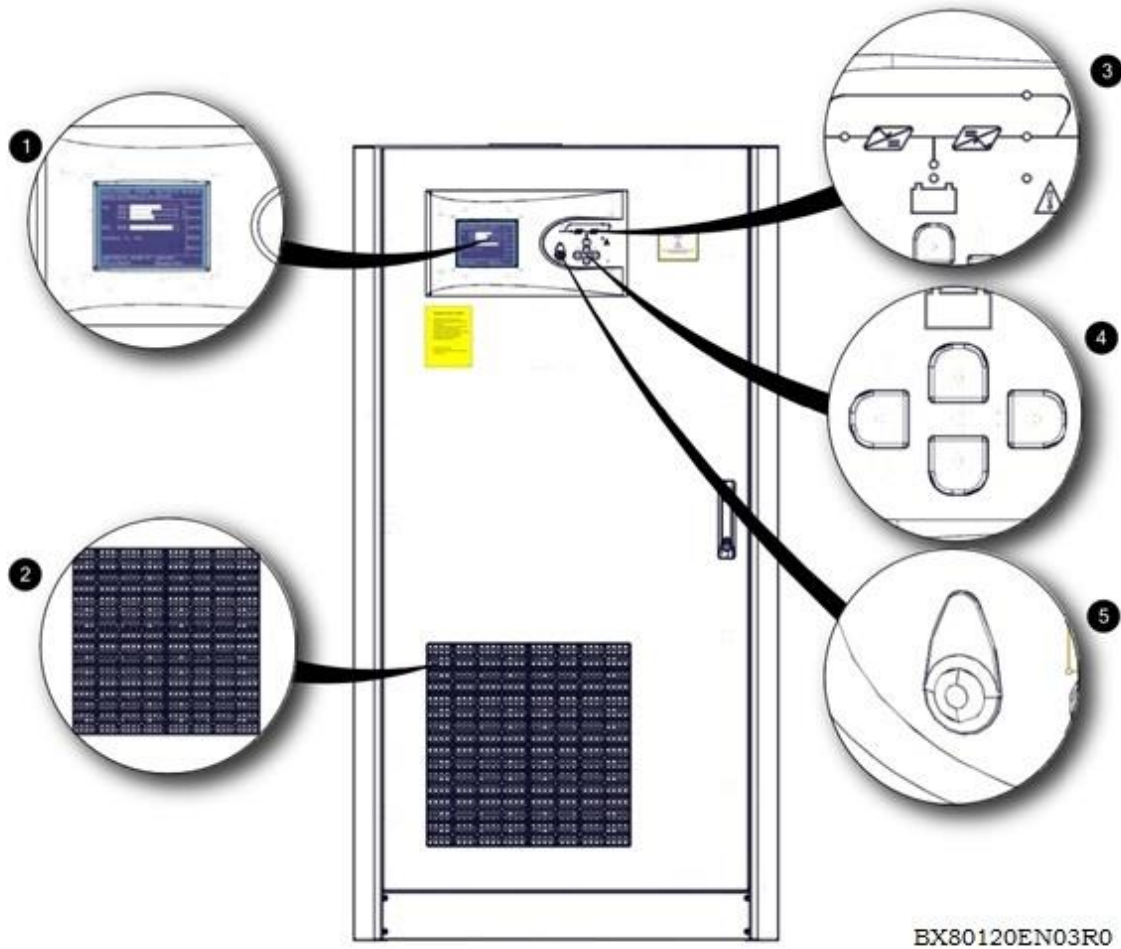
Move the UPS as rarely as possible

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

General View

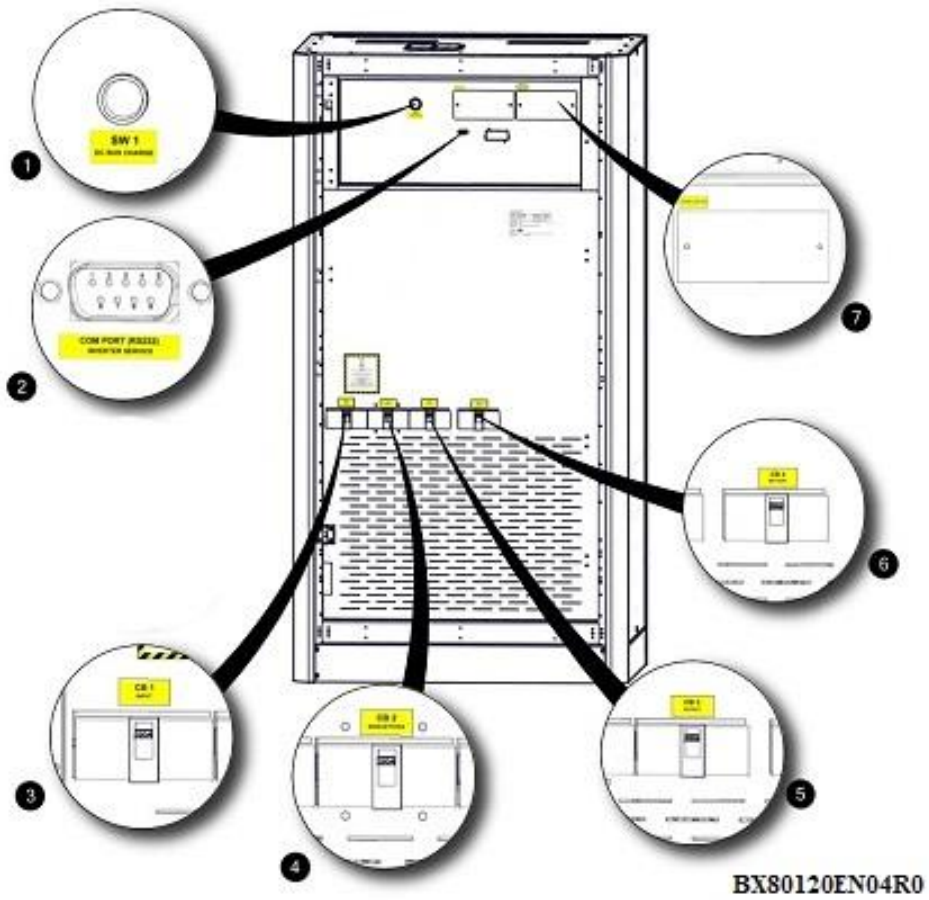


Front View



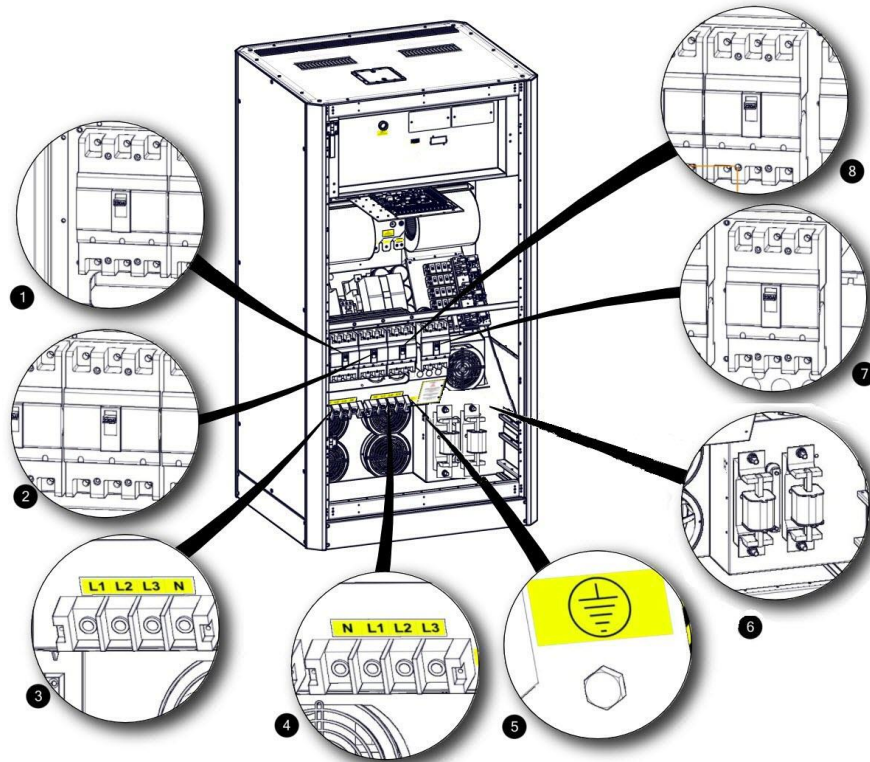
| | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| 1 | 320x240 6" Graphic LCD |
| 2 | Fresh Air Vacuum Grid |
| 3 | Mimic Diagram |
| 4 | Menu Navigation Keys |
| 5 | EPO (Emergency Power Off) Button |

Front Cover View



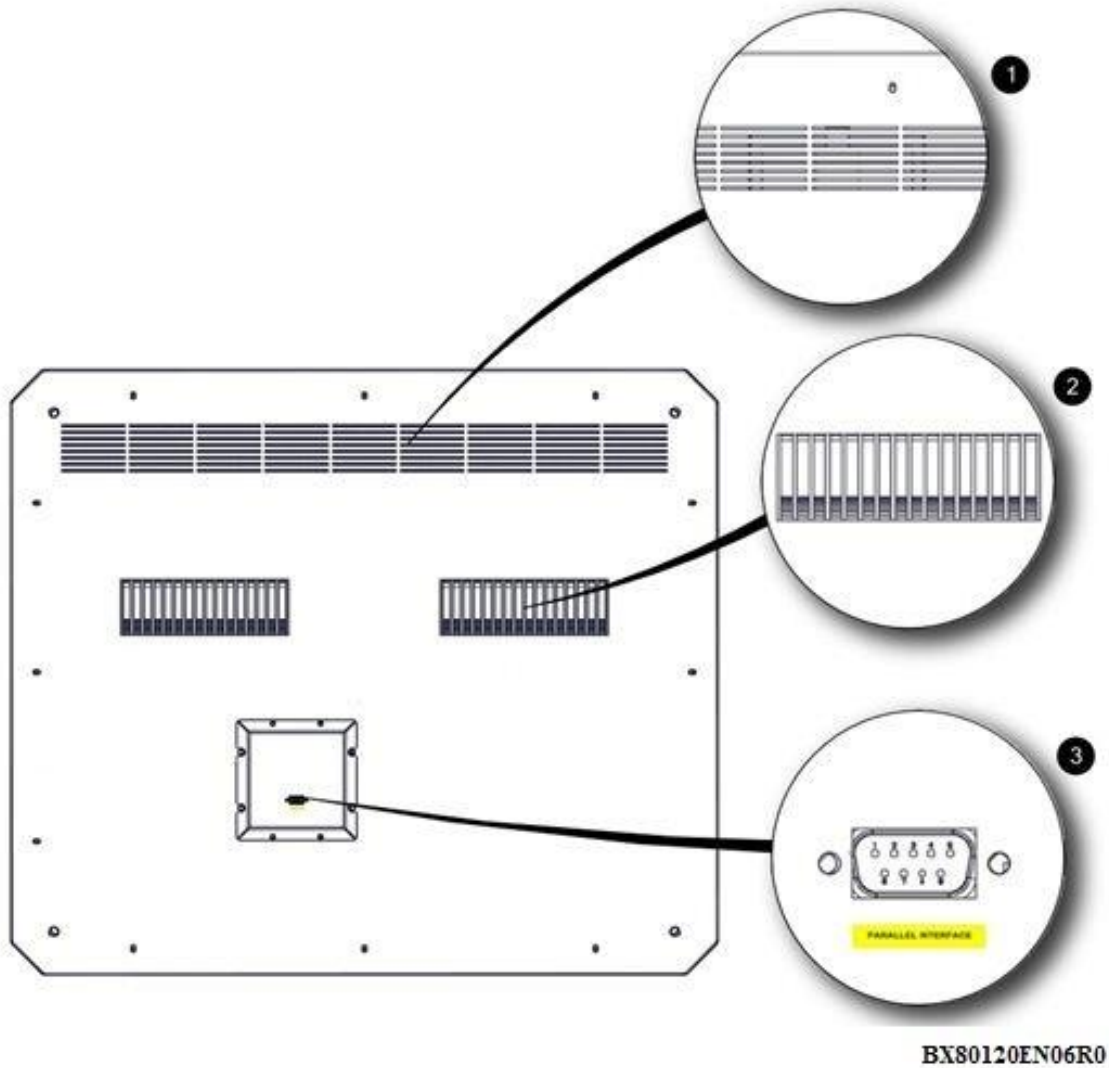
| | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Soft Start Button |
| 2 | RS232 Serial Communication Socket for Inverter |
| 3 | Mains Circuit Breaker |
| 4 | External Bypass Circuit Breaker |
| 5 | Output Circuit Breaker |
| 6 | Battery Circuit Breaker |
| 7 | Optional Card Slots |

Front Internal View



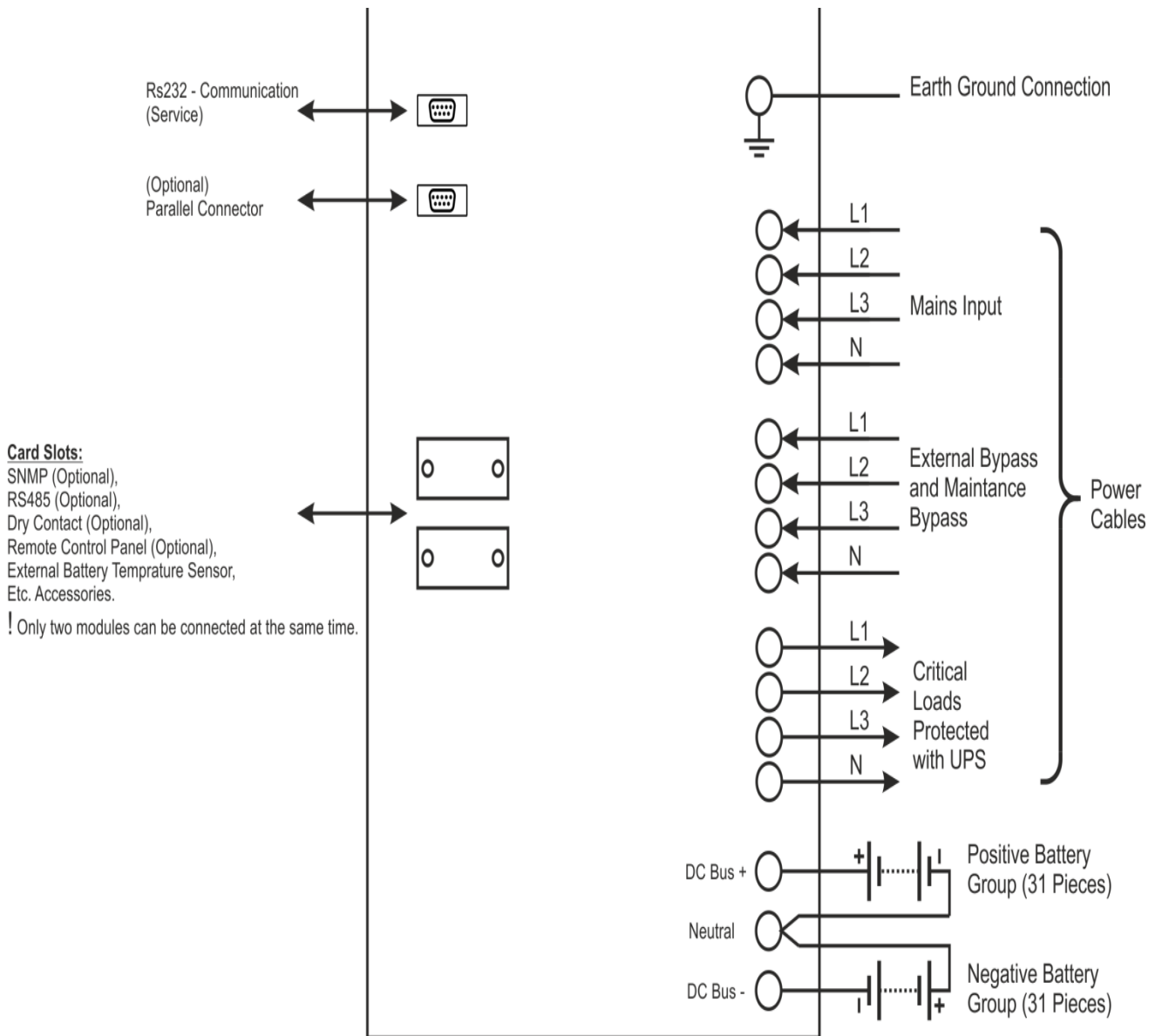
| | |
|---|--|
| 1 | Mains Circuit Breaker |
| 2 | External Bypass Circuit Breaker |
| 3 | Mains Connecting Terminal |
| 4 | Output Connecting Terminal |
| 5 | Ground Connection |
| 6 | Battery Fast Circuit Breakers and Connecting Terminals |
| 7 | Output Circuit Breaker |
| 8 | Battery Circuit Breaker |

Top View



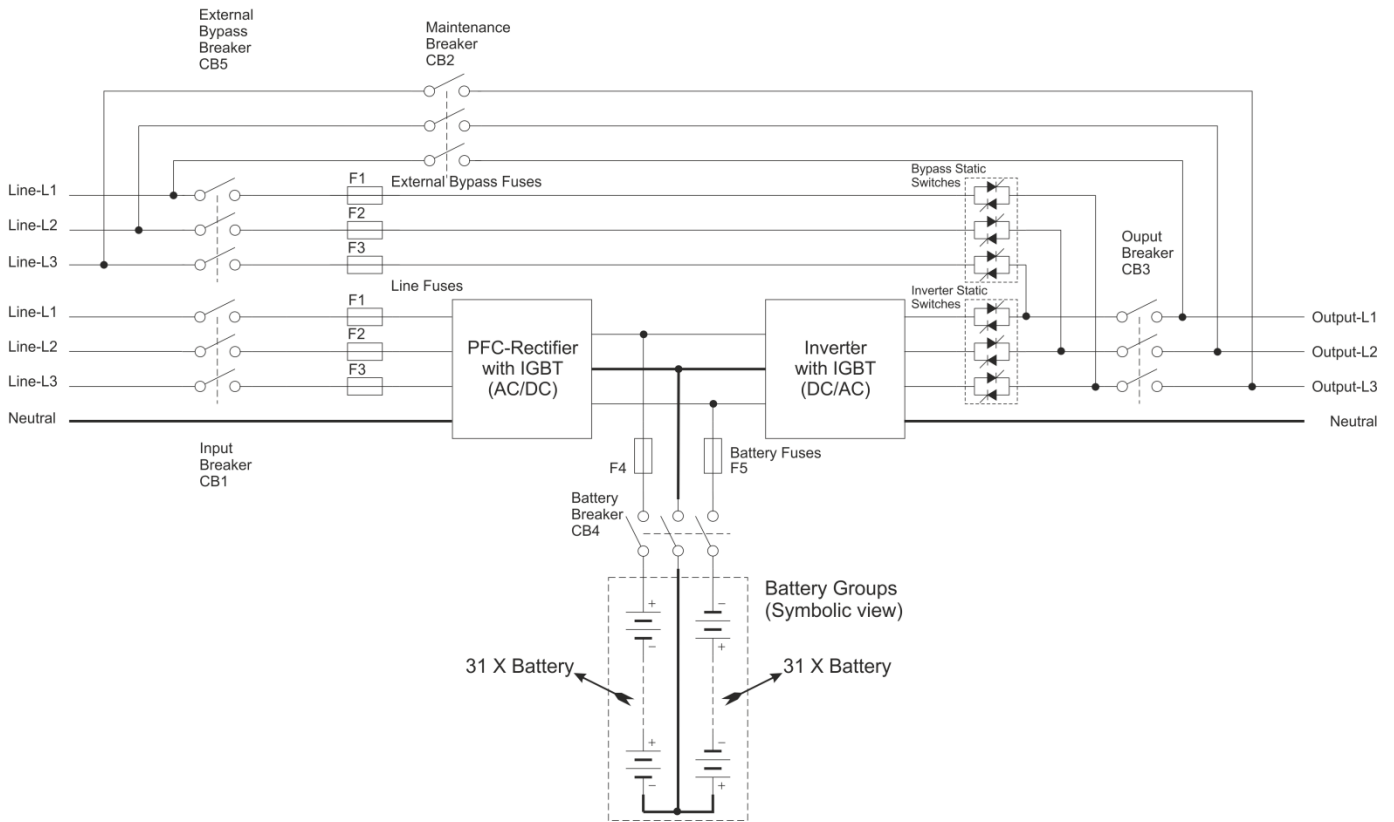
| | |
|---|---|
| 1 | Thyristor Hot Air Evacuation Channel |
| 2 | Rectifier, Charger, Inverter Hot Air Evacuation Channel |
| 3 | Parallel Connecting Socket |

Electrical Connections



2.1 General Information

General operation topology of Smart BX Series devices can be recognized as follows:



The UPS is connected to the mains voltage through the CB1 breaker. After this energy has filled DC bus condensers, the rectifier operates. The rectifier converts the AC mains energy to DC voltage and charges the batteries in a controlled manner. When there are no mains, sufficient level DC bus voltage is created, using battery voltage. DC bus voltage is converted to mains synchronized AC voltage by the inverter. This is a high quality voltage. Generated AC power is applied to the loads through the static semi-conductor transfer switches and output (load) circuit breakers.

When maintenance or repair are needed, before input (CB1) and output (CB3) circuit breakers are switched to open circuit (OFF), switch the UPS from normal mode to static bypass mode(see 4.1.3.2). Afterwards, the maintenance circuit breaker (CB2) is switched to closed circuit (ON). After that, output (CB3) and input (CB1) circuit breakers of the UPS are taken to the off position respectively.

2.1.1 Static Transfer Switch

Some blocks are named as static switches as can be seen above. These blocks consist of inverse parallel connected thyristors. These switches, which are under the control of the main board control unit, provides controlling of feeding the loads through either mains or inverters. The loads are fed through inverter during the normal operating mode. Therefore, inverter static switches are active if there is no problem with the system.

System provides the loads to be fed smooth and seamless by mains or inverter. In order to manage this process at minimum risk, UPS synchronizes the inverter output and mains bypass as the same phase and frequency. Therefore, inverter frequency is the same as mains frequency as long as it is acceptable within frequency limit.

User can switch between mains and inverter, using the front panel. Loads, operating from the mains with user instruction, will automatically undertake the load in the event that the mains cuts off or is out of tolerance.

2.1.2 Battery Temperature Regulation

Optional temperature sensor is provided with external battery cabinets. Temperature of batteries is measured by this sensor. UPS adjusts charge parameters according to the information of the detected temperature..

2.2 UPS's Operation Modes

SMART-BX series UPS devices have a structure of online and double loop. Our products operate in the following modes:

- Normal Mode
- Battery Mode
- Bypass Mode
- Auto Restart Mode
- Maintenance Mode

2.2.1 Normal(Online) Mode

In this mode, UPS supplies the load through the inverters. Rectifier unit is fed by the AC mains. Inverter and battery charger units can be fed by the generated DC supply.

2.2.2 Battery (Stored) Mode

Due to any failure of the mains, while the UPS feeds the critical loads through inverter, this energy can be supplied from the batteries.

2.2.3 Bypass Mode

On account of UPS overload or any problem on inverter, no qualified AC output is produced, loads are then fed through bypass source. UPS switches from inverter to AC source via static transfer switches without any interruption. The inverter source and mains must be synchronized in order to manage this switching processes without any problem. If inverter output and mains are not synchronized, this switching may take up to 15 msec. varying according to load type.

2.2.4 Automatic Restart Mode

In case of any failure of the mains, the UPS will continue feeding the critical loads until the batteries reaches the end of discharge voltage level. The UPS will go on working until the batteries are drained, and then will shut down. After the mains conditions gets back to normal, the UPS automatically starts to operate in a period to be determined. In this case, the UPS continues to operate in normal mode as long as the mains values are in desired criteria. In the SMART-BX SERIES UPS, this feature is not activated in factory settings.

2.2.5 Maintenance Mode

The UPS is equipped with a specific protection switch in order to keep the loads powered during maintenance. This switch is designed so as to handle UPS loads completely.

2.3 Battery Management

Constant Charge Current

Constant current as 1/10 rate of the battery capacity is applied to battery, until the battery reaches the float charge voltage.

Float Charge

Depending on the battery discharge current, 1/3 of the energy of the battery is charged at this level. Owing to this level, batteries are kept ready for use at the highest capacity. For lead-acid batteries, this voltage varies between the values of 2.2-2.35 V/cell. This voltage may differ slightly due to temperature adaptation. Option of setting this coefficient is provided with our UPS. If the temperature sensor is used, it is recommended to use.

Deep Discharge Protection

While the system is operating in the battery mode, if battery voltage has dropped below the deep discharge voltage level, the UPS shuts down and stops absorbing energy from the batteries. This value varies between 1.6-1.75 V/cell for Lead-Acid batteries, and between 0.9-1.1 V / cell for Ni-Cd batteries.

Low Battery Warning Level

While the system operates in spare, in other words, battery mode, if the battery capacity drops below its 40% value with actual loads, it will give audible and visible alarms. This value can be adjusted by user between 20%-70%.

2.3.1 Advanced Level Functions (Automatic Battery Test)

The auto battery test automatically discharges 10% of the battery existing capacity in a certain period defined (default is 90 days). The period between two tests can be adjusted by user between 30-360 days. At the end of the test, one of these two status, “**good or replace**” is determined.



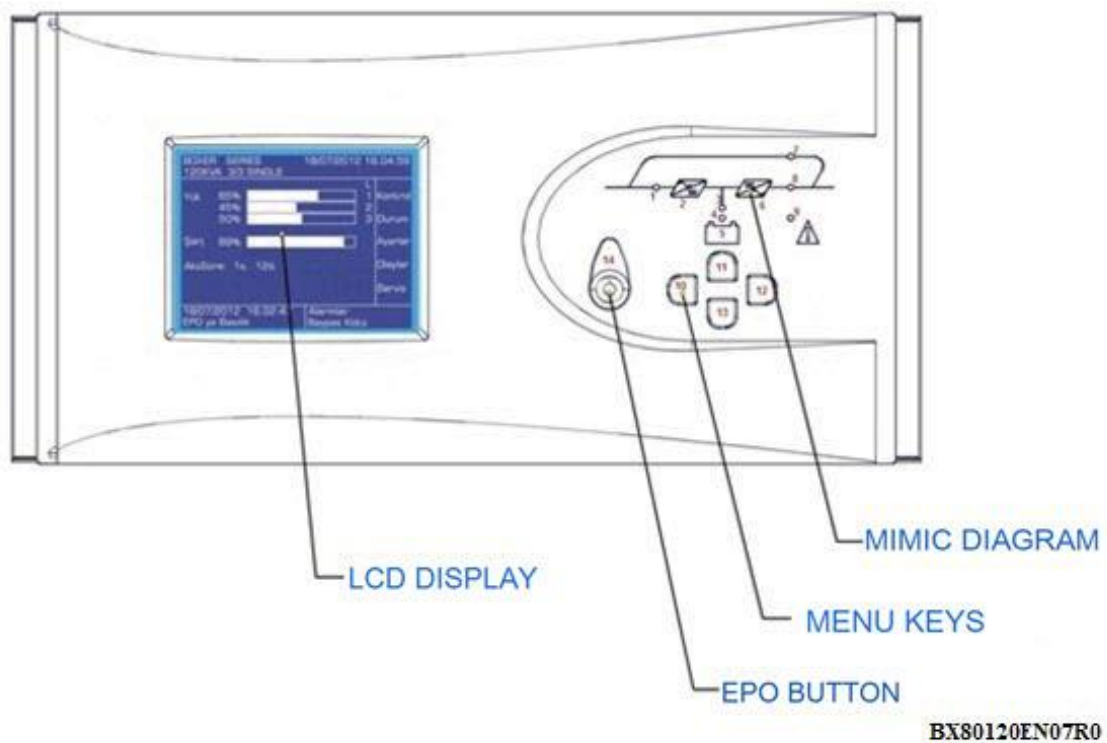
At the end of this test, if batteries are reported as **“replace”**, then the batteries are completely drained after the test. In this case, loads can remain unpowered in case of mains power off.

This test can be automatically started by command from front panel, via telnet interface, via RS232 smart communication (SNMP, see the options).

As a result of all these tests, it is checked whether the batteries that are presently used can supply the minimum needs of loads in case of the first power-off or not. It is recommended that test results be checked at regular intervals.

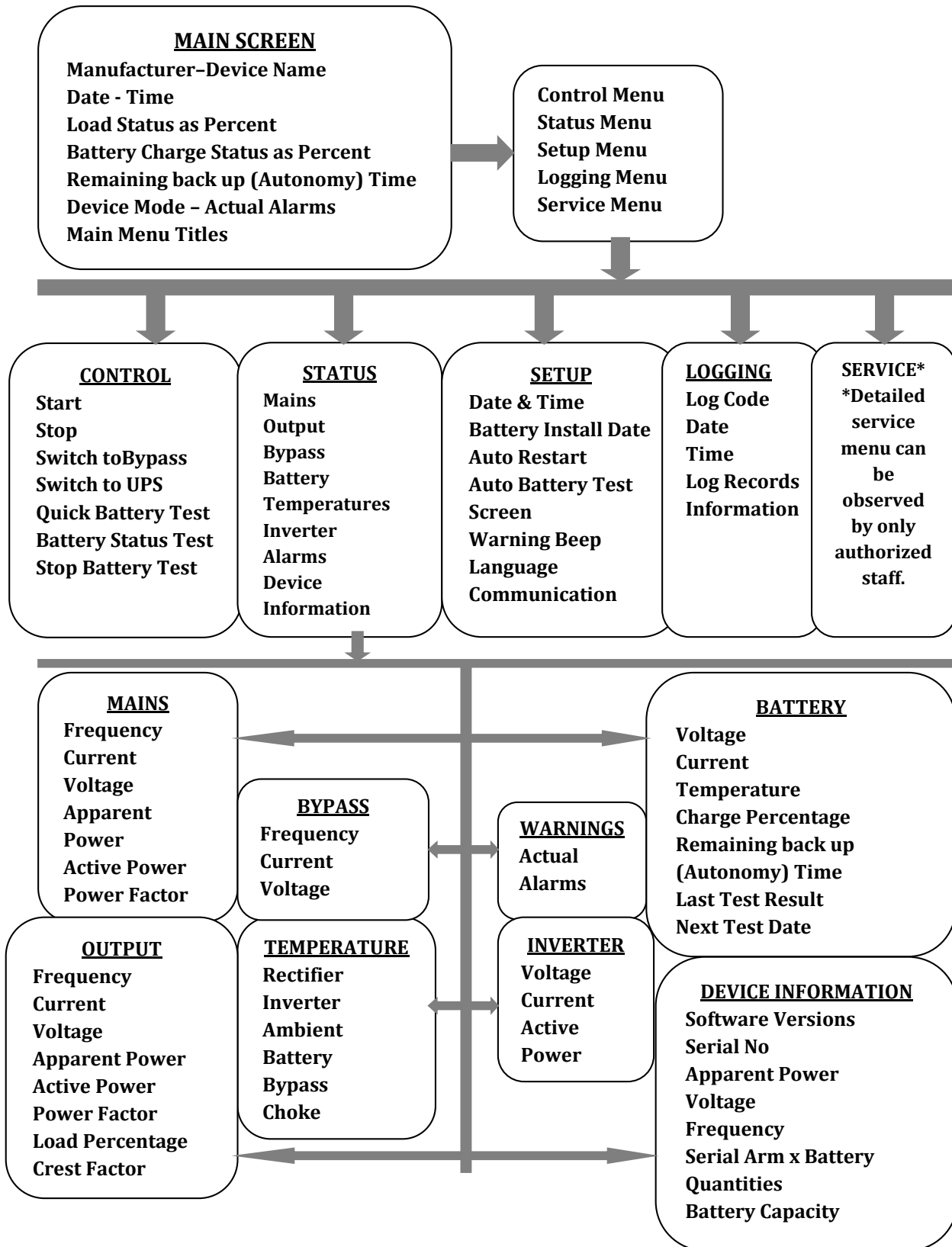
2.4 User Panel

User panel consists of mimic diagram, LCD screen, EPO button and menu keys. The device can be controlled via this panel.

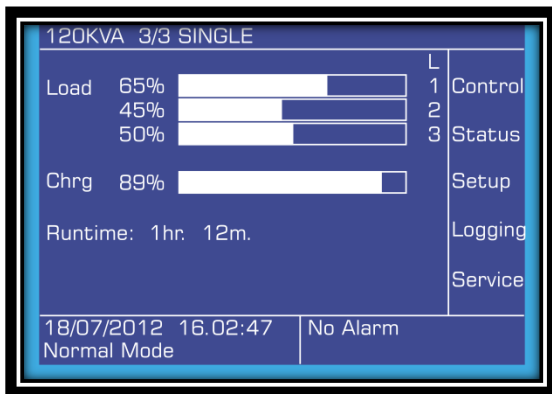


| | |
|-------|--|
| 1 | Rectifier indicator LED It flashes while DC bus is being charged. It constantly illuminates when rectifier works. |
| 2 | AC/DC module (Rectifier) |
| 3 | Boost mode LED It illuminates in battery mode and flashes when UPS is started up through batteries. |
| 4 | Battery charge indicator LED It illuminates while the batteries are charged. |
| 5 | Battery module |
| 6 | DC/AC module (Inverter) |
| 7 | Bypass static switch indicator LED It illuminates while the loads are fed through bypass line. |
| 8 | Inverter static switch indicator LED It illuminates when the load is fed by the inverter. |
| 9 | Alarm/Warning indicator LED |
| 10-13 | Menu keys |
| 14 | EPO Button |

Menu Flow Chart

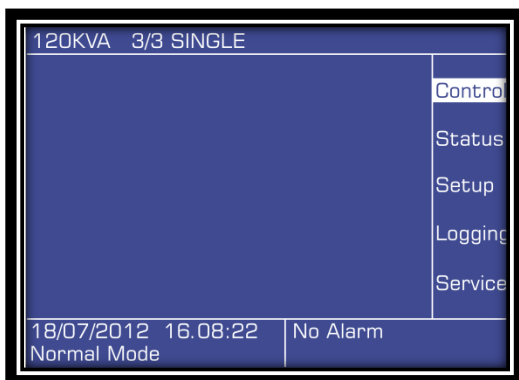


2.4.1 Opening Screen



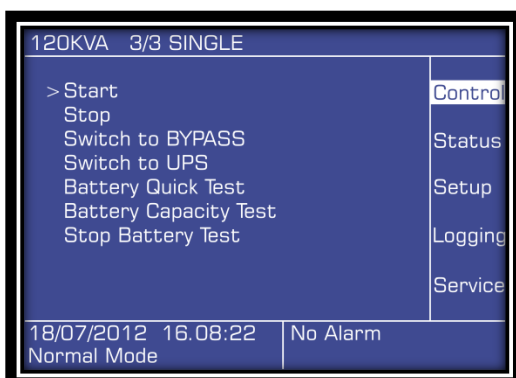
When the front panel monitor is turned on, firstly opening screen is observed. Manufacturer – Model Name, Date – Time, Load Status as Percent, Battery Charge Status as Percent, Remaining Back up (Autonomy) Time, UPS Mode – Actual Alarms and Main Menu Titles can be observed here. In case of an alarming condition, alarms are shown on the left-down row. If no button is pressed for 5 minutes, system returns to the opening screen.

2.4.2 Main Menu

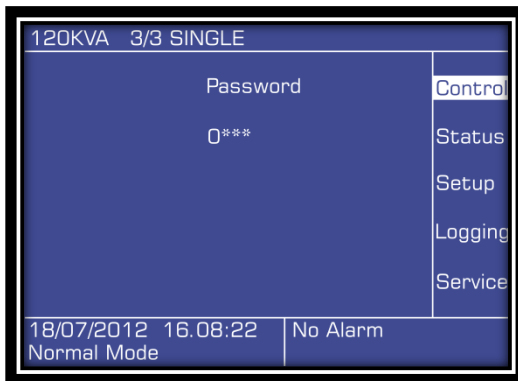


To switch from opening screen to the main menu, press ENT button.

2.4.3 Navigating Through the Menus



Press UP/DOWN keys to move the cursor arrow in the screen. Open a sub-menu with ENT button, go back to the previous menu with ESC button. Control sub-menu is shown on left. Some menus consist of more than one page. Switch among the pages with UP/DOWN buttons. Some menus have changeable options like ON/OFF, durations or quantities. To change setup in such menus, choose variable with ENT, set new value with UP/DOWN buttons and save it with ENT button. Cancel with ESC button.



2.4.4 Password Protected Menus

Some menus such as the control menu are password protected. To enter password choose each digit with **UP/DOWN** buttons and confirm with **ENT** button.

User level password is: 0000

2.4.5 Control Menu

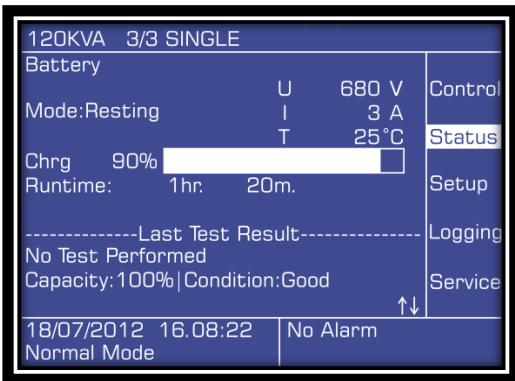
The followings can be done in the control menu:

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ➤ Start | Start the UPS. |
| ➤ Stop | Stop the UPS. |
| ➤ Switch to BYPASS | Switch to static BYPASS mode. |
| ➤ Switch to UPS | Switch to online mode. |
| ➤ Bat. Quick Test | Start the quick battery test. |
| ➤ Bat. Capacity Test | Start the deep battery test. |
| ➤ Stop Battery Test | Stop the battery test. |

Battery status test, drains the 10% of battery energy and reports batteries which has more capacity than 10% as "**Good**", less capacity than 10% as "**Replace**" according to the test results.

After the device is started and every 24 hours, it automatically performs a quick battery test, if test counter value is zero.

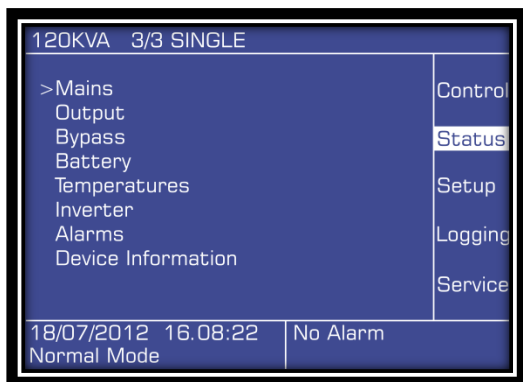
Batteries must be fully charged and kept in floating situation for 5 hour before performing the battery status test.



Battery tests are performed by directing the power to the mains, independently from the loads. If the mains values gets out of limits during the test, test is cancelled.

Following **Status> Battery** menu, how many minutes left to start the test can be observed. If **“Stop Battery Test”** is chosen from the menu, the UPS cancels the battery test and goes back to the previous operating state.

2.4.6 Status Menu



You can see information about the mains, output, bypass line, battery, temperatures, inverter, alarms and device information on this menu.

Mains

UP, F, I, UL
S, P, PF
phase.

Frequency, current and voltage (phase-neutral) of each phase.
Apparent power, active power and power factor of each phase.

Output

UP, F, I, UL
S, P, PF
L, CF

Frequency, current and voltage (phase-neutral) of each phase.
Apparent power, active power and power factor of each phase.
Load as percentage and crest factor of each phase.

Bypass

UP, F, I, UL

Frequency, current and voltage (phase-neutral) of each phase.

Battery

Mode
U, I, °C

Operation Mode of the device.
charging voltage, current and temperature.

Charge%
 Charge percentage.
Autonomy Time remaining back-up (autonomy) time
Last Test Result Capacity and status according to the last test results
Next Test Date Next test date, time and remaining time for test

Temperature
 °C, °C, °C, °C, °C Rectifier, inverter, charger, ambient, battery and thyristor temperatures.

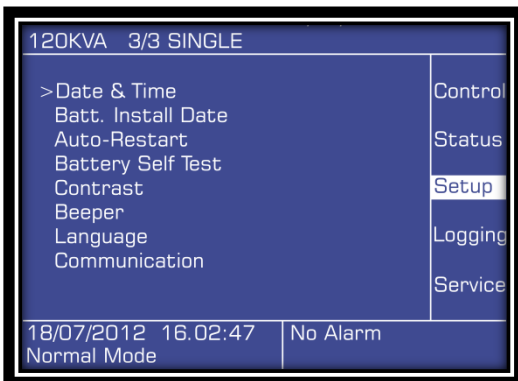
Inverter
 U, I, P Voltage(phase-neutral), current and active power of each phase.

Alarms
 Alarms Actual UPS alarms.

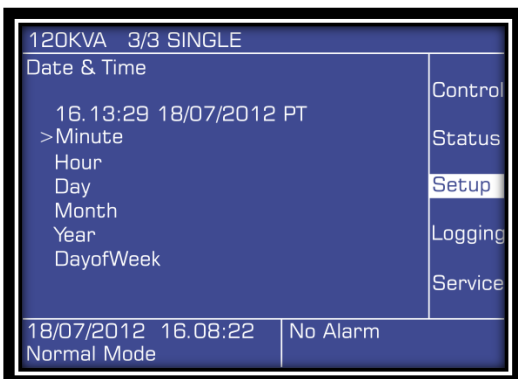
Device Information
 _____ - _____ - _____ - _____

 KVA, V/Hz Inverter, rectifier, CPLD, front panel software version.
 UPS serial no.
 Apparent power, instantaneous output voltage (phase-neutral),
 instantaneous output frequency.
 Parallel battery arm number x Serial battery arm number
 Battery capacity adjusted in UPS.

2.4.7 Setup Menu

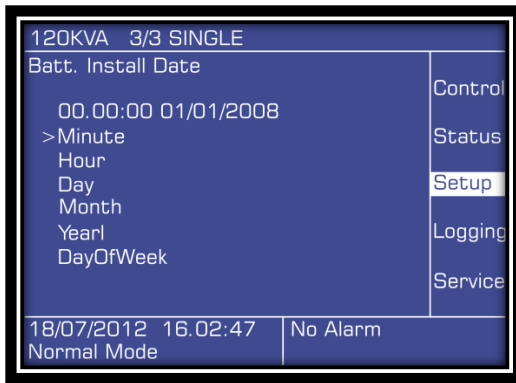


The following settings can be performed via setup menu:



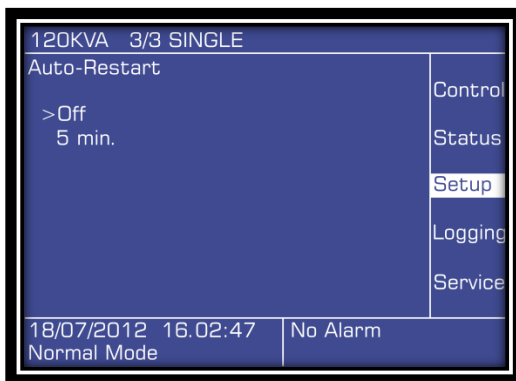
Date & Time
 To set date and time, use up and down keys to choose the variable you want to set and press ENT.
 Set the value via arrow buttons and press ENT button again.





Battery Installation Date

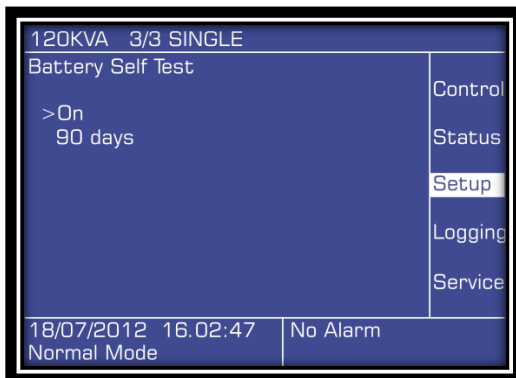
When new batteries are installed, set the battery install date via this menu.



Automatic Restart

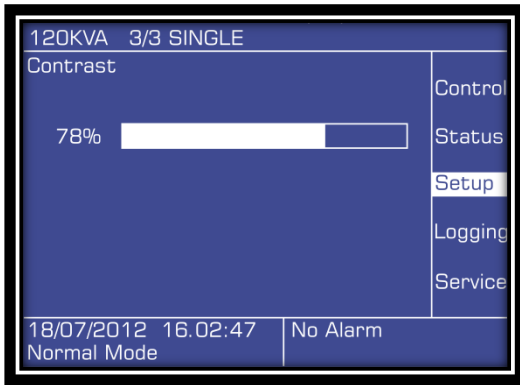
In battery mode, the device operates until batteries discharge and then shuts down. Auto-restart can be used to restart the UPS automatically when the mains gets back into limit values.

Open/close auto restart via the option of ON/OFF and determine how much time after the device will be started after the mains is normal through the time option below.



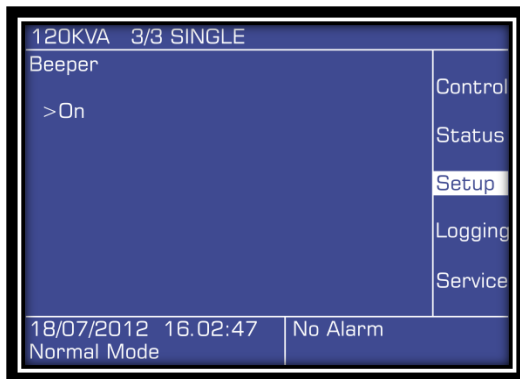
Automatic Battery Test

Use this menu to open/close automatic battery test and to set the period (repeat period for the regular test) independently from user.



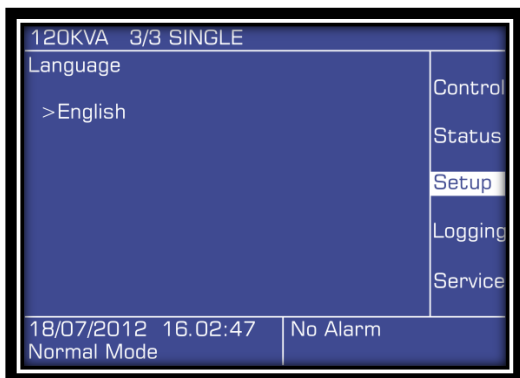
Screen

Change the screen contrast setting to make it more visible on different environmental conditions.



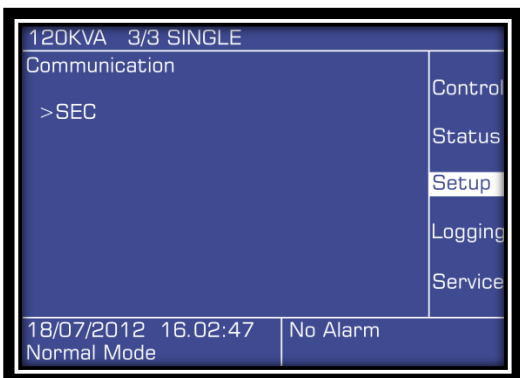
Beeper

Turn the beeper sound on/off.



Language

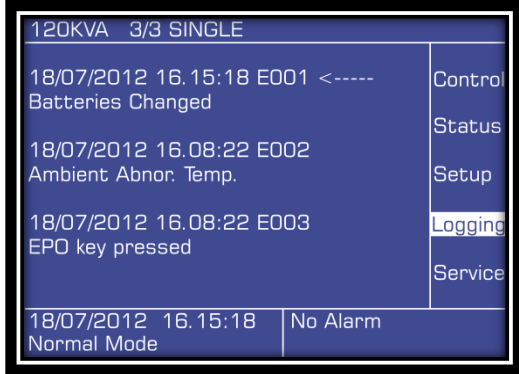
Set the menu language.



Communication

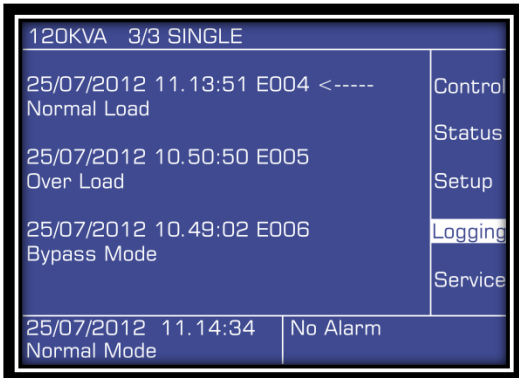
Set the protocol for the RS232 connection. The options are SEC and Telnet.

2.4.8 Logging Menu



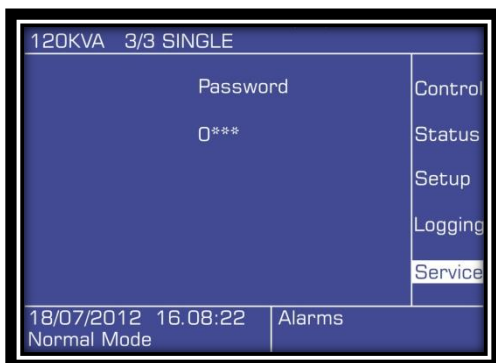
The last 500 logs can be observed in the logging menu.

While observing any of the logs, if ENT button is pressed, all details regarding the moment of the event (status, setup etc.) can be seen.



Older/actual logs can be observed, using UP/DOWN buttons.

2.4.9 Service Menu



Service menu is password protected. It can be accessed by authorized service staff.

3 INSTALLATION

3.1 Single Module Installation

In this section, warnings which you must follow and the checks which you must perform before starting-up the device are stated. Additionally, you can find information concerning the points you must pay attention to during carrying style for cabinets, positioning and connections.

3.1.1 Warnings



The UPS must be installed by the personnel approved by ENSMART POWER.
Warranty is not valid for the devices installed by unauthorized personnel.



Battery Hazard!

In some models, during operation of battery and the UPS together, there may exist battery terminal voltages reaching up to 450 VDC.

Precautions must be taken in order to protect eyes against electrical arcs that can result from contacts.

ESD-protected rubber gloves should be used.

Batteries discharging or leaking electro liquid must not be used, if any, it must be replaced. Uninstalled batteries must be kept, carried and transferred to destruction points safely.

In case of skin contact with elector liquid, immediately rinse the exposed skin part with water.

Operator must remove any dangerous accessories such as ring, watch etc. before working on the device.

The product needs three phase and four cable (+ground) supply system for input. Type of this supply system conforms to IEC60364-3 standards. The devices have transformers which have ability to optionally convert from three cable to four cable system. Provided that IT AC power distribution will be installed, 4 pole-circuit breaker must be used. More detailed explanations concerning the topic can be found in the standard named as IEC60364-3.

3.1.2 Pre-Installation Check Up

Before installing the UPS product, the following checks should be carried on. These are the first and important steps in the operation of the product correctly.

- Definitely check whether or not any damage was done to internal and external structures of the UPS, accessories and batteries during transportation or shipment. Report any damages before receiving.
- Make sure that the product is the right model. Check whether the label behind the device matches with the product ordered or not.

3.1.3 Positioning

The UPS and the batteries are designed for indoor use, and must be placed on a clean area with cool air flow.

3.1.3.1 Positioning the UPS

For the SMART-BX 80-120 KVA Series, fresh and cool air enters the device from the front side and goes out through the fans on the top side of the device. Air entrance and exit points should never be closed. It must be positioned on a place where is protected from water or similar liquid contact risks.

If the area is very dusty, filters optional provided must be used. Usage of these filters must be done according to the relevant instructions.

The UPS is structurally a losing-energy system. Lost energy occurs as heat emissions. The requirements to the cooling system provided in the following table. Using the table, what capacity of air conditioned should be used to cool the place where the UPS is can be determined.

| Device | BTU/h amount for cooling | Estimated BTU/h value For 100%Bridge Load (Non-Linear Load) Operation |
|---------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 80KVA | 17500 | 21000 |
| 100KVA | 21600 | 25900 |
| 120KVA | 26300 | 31500 |

3.1.3.2 Placing External Batteries

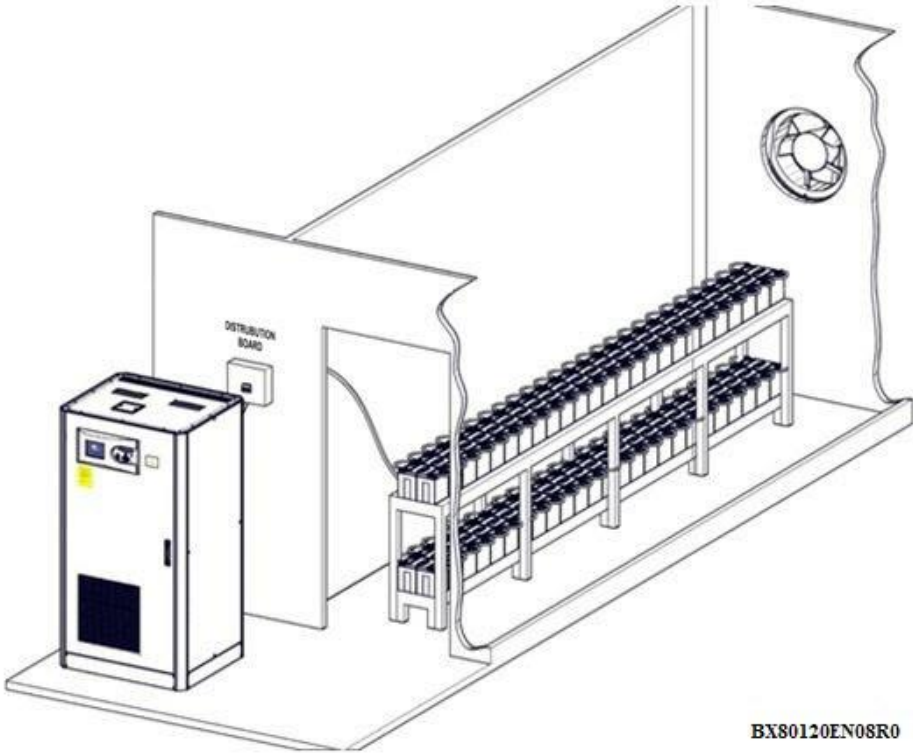
Batteries should be mounted in an environment where the temperature is consistent and even over the whole battery. Temperature is a major factor directly affecting the battery life and capacity. In general, battery manufacturers recommend that batteries be used in 20-25 °C. Furthermore, battery manufacturer companies indicate the performance of batteries according to the said temperature range. If the temperature exceeds the said range, the life of the battery will decrease. On the contrary, again if the temperature drops the said range, the capacity of the battery will seriously decline. Therefore, expected time will not be obtained during back up. As a result, keep batteries away from heat sources and serious air flows. Pay attention to the said factors and be careful about and observe the following points in terms of external connections of the batteries:

- Keep batteries away from main heat sources.
- Keep batteries away from serious air flows.
- Keep batteries away from the humid places. Hereby batteries can be prevented from terminal oxidations and possible leakage currents.
- Please use aR or gR semi-conductor type fuse at the battery rooms and cabinets.
- If it is possible, please use breaker switch without fuse for the battery cabinet.
- Keep battery cabinets and shelves high above the ground. UPS should be protected against possible floods or liquid contacts.
- Battery rooms should be properly ventilated.
- Shelves will be accessible in touch if batteries are in battery room. Therefore, please keep restricted accessing to battery rooms. Use necessary safety writings and strips.

Especially, for the external cabinet batteries system of UPS, fuses must definitely be used. These fuses must be mounted as close as possible to the batteries. This closeness will increase the electrical operation safety with the battery.

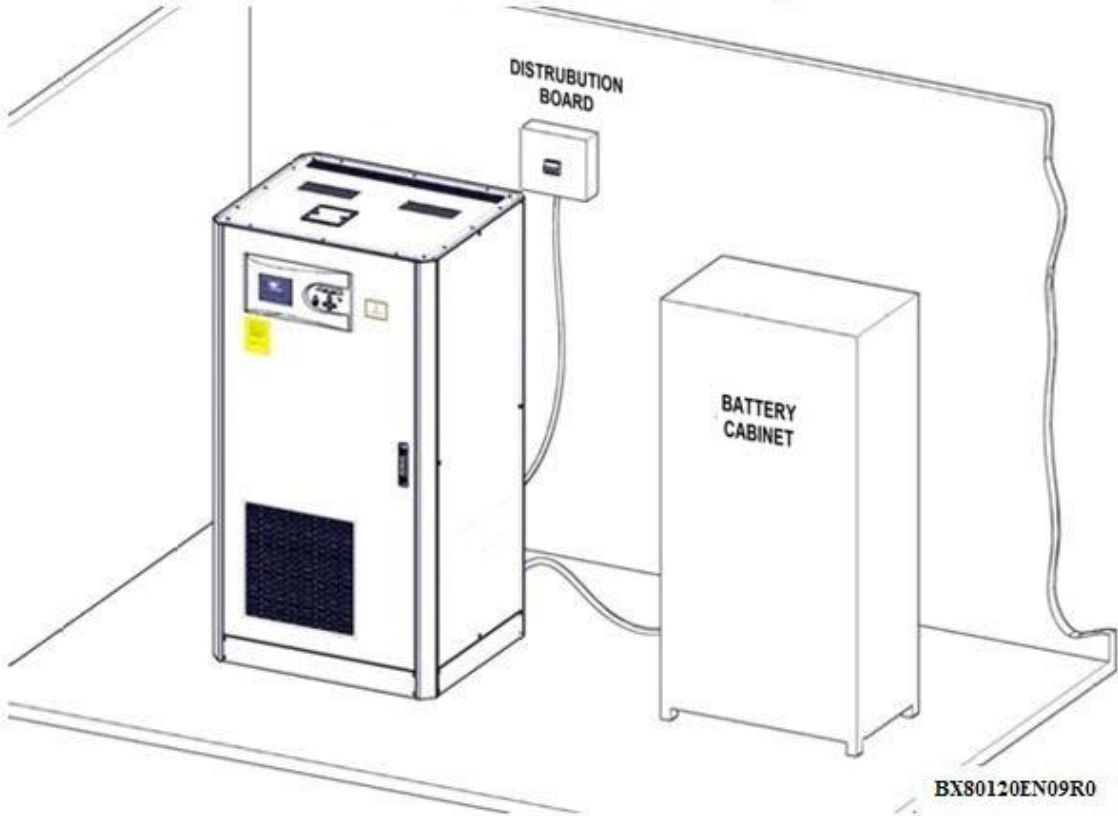
| SMART-BX EXTERNAL BATTERY CABINET CONFIGURATION | | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|
| Device Rating (kVA) | 80 | 100 | 120 |
| Batteries in series | 31 | 31 | 31 |
| Independent Group Number | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Total number of Battery | 62 | 62 | 62 |
| I_charge_max@V_bat._max(A) | 18,1 | 22,6 | 27,2 |
| I_bat._max@V_bat._cut off(A) | 101 | 126 | 151 |
| Recommended external cabinet fuse (A) | 125 | 125 | 125 |

The battery cabinet and battery room applications are given below as an example. The application form may vary according to the customer.



BX80120EN08R0

Example Battery Chamber Application



BX80120EN09R0

External Battery Cabinet Application

3.1.4 Transportation Type of Cabinets

Pay attention that carrying vehicles or handling accessories must have enough features and characteristics to carry the weight of the UPS.

UPS and optional battery cabinets are designed to be carried by a forklift or similar vehicles.

Be more careful of sudden movements, especially when batteries are inside of cabinet.
Move the UPS as rarely as possible.

3.1.5 Mains, Load and Battery Connections

Distribution board is recommended for the UPS outputs. Load protection fuses and breakers must be used in such distribution board. Additionally, fuses with various speeds may be needed according to load. A-B type fuses or magnetic breakers are recommended to be used if the load is suitable.

3.1.5.1 External Protections

To protect the AC inputs, thermal magnetic breakers or V-automat breakers must be independently installed on the distribution board. Herein, the cable intersections and fuse values must be determined and connected by an expert authorized person.

Over current protecting must be installed on mains input board. This protection must be selected in conformity with the bearing capacity of over current and over load of the UPS. The fuses in the board must be chosen as 135% higher rated than the current values given in the table below, and the fuses must be C-type (slow).

Ground leakages flow to the ground through the EMI filters on the input and the output of the UPS. Accordingly, ENSMART POWER recommends a residual current relay over 300mA.

The residual current relays to be placed in the UPS input must also be:

- ✓ Resistant to both positive and negative DC pulses,
- ✓ Not sensitive to transient currents.
- ✓ Must be sensitive to currents which is average between 0, 3-1 ampere.

3.1.5.2 Cable and Fuse Configuration

Cable designs must be compatible to current and voltage values stated herein, additionally local instructions must be obeyed about these topics.

| UPS Rating (KVA) | Rated Currents (A) | | | | | |
|------------------|--|-------|-------|--|-------|-------|
| | Mains Currents at Maximum Battery Charge (3 phase + neutral) | | | Mains Currents at Maximum Battery Charge (3 phase + neutral) | | |
| | 380V | 400V | 415V | 380V | 400V | 415V |
| 80 | 137,6 | 128,0 | 127,0 | 123,2 | 116,8 | 112,8 |
| 100 | 172,0 | 160,0 | 158,7 | 154,0 | 146,0 | 141,0 |
| 120 | 206,4 | 192,0 | 190,5 | 184,8 | 175,2 | 169,2 |

Non-linear loads (loads such as computer) may affect cable section design. Their neutral currents might be more than phase currents, even may rise up to 1.5 times the phase current.

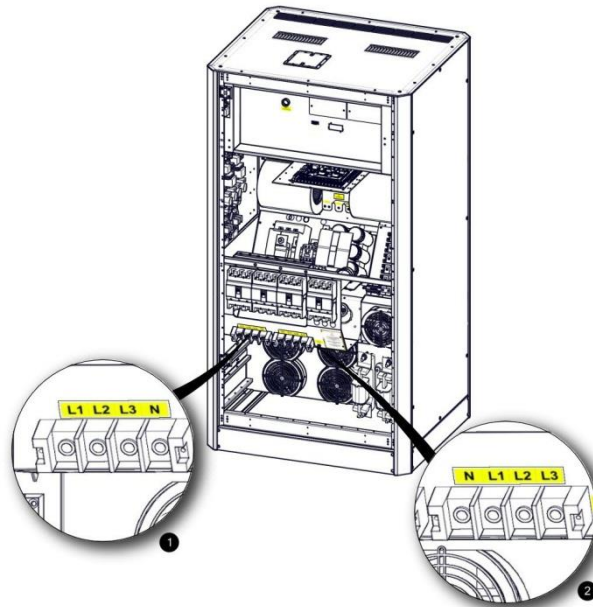
Each cabinet must be, directly and as short as possible, to ground line by means of protection ground cable. Typical ground cable cross sections are 50mm² for 80 kVA and 70 mm² for 100 kVA and 95 mm² for 120 kVA.

3.1.5.3 Cable Connections

UPS input, output and battery connection inlets are made from the front side of the UPS.



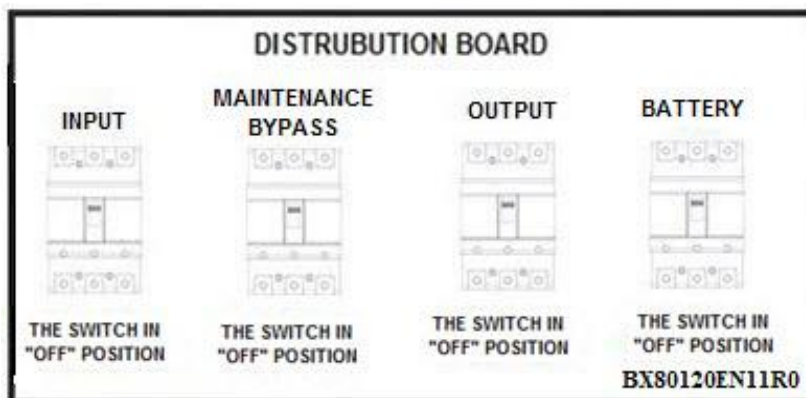
ATTENTION! 3 pole-circuit breakers (switch) are used for the input and output of the UPS. Neutral line is not interrupted.



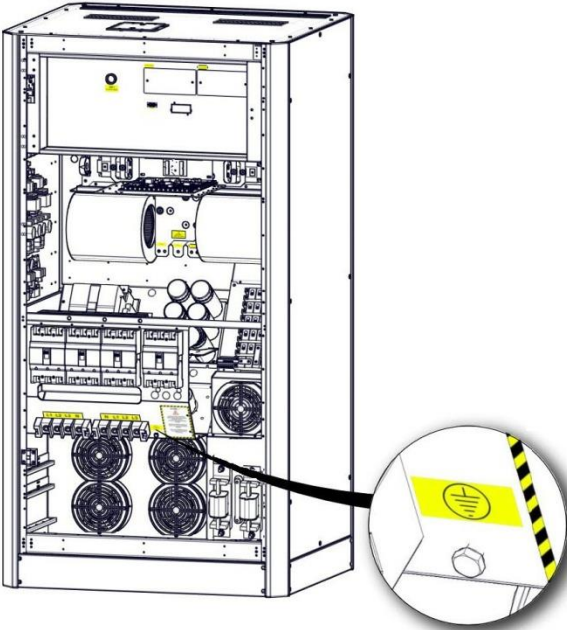
| | |
|---|------------------|
| 1 | Input Terminals |
| 2 | Output Terminals |

Please, follow the steps below for electrical connections:

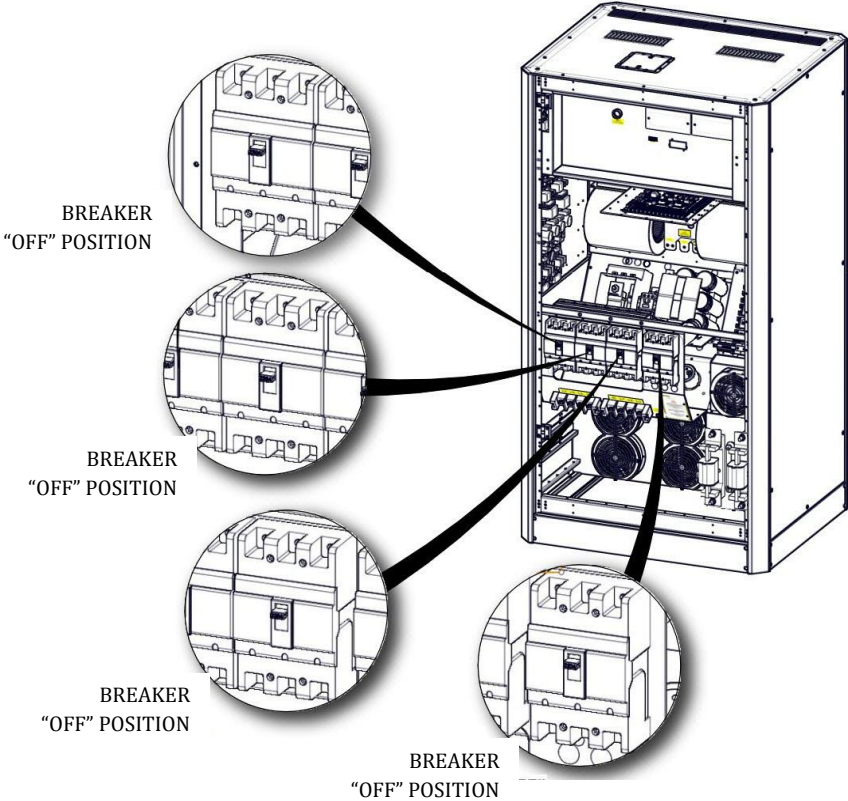
1. Turn off all the breakers in the distribution boards to the open circuit (OFF) position and make sure that loads and the mains are isolated from cables



2. Connect the ground cable.

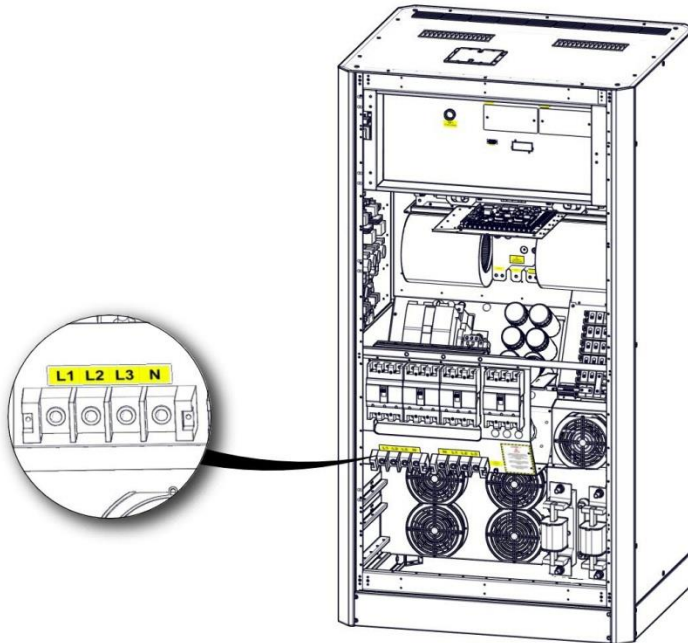


3. Make sure that all the circuit breakers are placed to the open circuit (OFF) position. The use of these circuit breakers is explained in the next sections.



4. Connect the input cables:

- R phase to input L1,
- S phase to input L2,
- T phase to input L3,
- N(Neutral) to input N.



5. Check the phase sequence.

6. Repeat steps 4 and 5 for output connections.



Use the cable clips to stabilize the cables when the connections are done. Make sure that the loads in the output of the UPS are isolated during the connection if they are not ready to be connected yet.



Before the UPS is started, make sure that cable connections have been made in accordance with the warnings in boards. Additionally, check if there is isolated transformer at the input of UPS and consider the local directions.



Make sure that grounding has been made properly. Wrong works or grounding made may damage the UPS and other systems in the installation.

3.1.5.4 Connecting Batteries

You can find details about external batteries installation procedure and connections in this section.

3.1.5.4.12 External Battery Installation Procedure and Connection

You can find details about how to configure the external batteries under “External Batteries Configuration” title above. The information about connection of external batteries and UPS is given in this section.

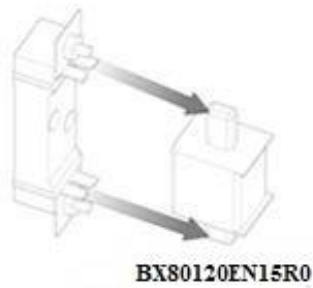


Avoid short circuiting batteries.

Exploding batteries can damage you and your environment!

Battery terminal may rise up to 450 Vdc!

1. Switch “CB4” breaker on the UPS to the position of open circuit (OFF).
2. If there is, switch breakers on the battery cabinet to the position of open circuit (OFF).

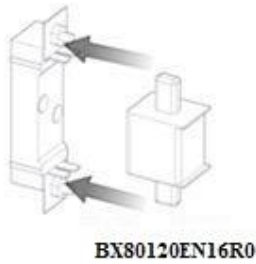


3. Remove the battery fuse on the battery cabinet.
4. Remove battery fuse on the UPS.
5. Make sure of serial and parallel connections of external battery packs are correct.
6. Connect the cable to terminals of two of the UPS, “N” (Battery Neutral)”, one “+BAT” and one “- BAT” respectively.
7. Connect four cables that come from UPS to terminals on external battery cabinet or in battery room according to external battery connection diagram below. As follows:

| | | | | |
|---------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| N (UPS) | <input type="checkbox"/> | ----- | <input type="checkbox"/> | Positive Battery Group “-”terminal |
| N (UPS) | <input type="checkbox"/> | ----- | <input type="checkbox"/> | Negative Battery Group “+”terminal |
| “+ BAT” | <input type="checkbox"/> | ----- | <input type="checkbox"/> | Positive Battery Group “+”terminal |
| “-BAT” | <input type="checkbox"/> | ----- | <input type="checkbox"/> | Negative Battery Group “-”terminal |

8. Make sure that the polarities are connected correctly by checking battery connections for the last time.
9. Replace battery fuse on UPS.

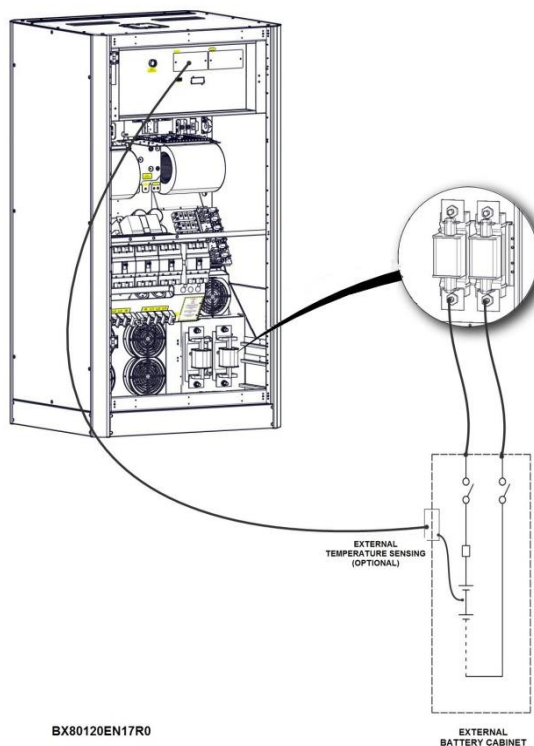
10. Replace battery fuse on battery cabinet.



11.If there is, switch the breakers on the battery cabinet to the position of "ON".
 12Check if there is appropriate battery voltages to the battery input terminals of the UPS by means of a proper measuring device.

External battery cable selection is determined by application. Fuses which are recommended for the UPS and battery cabinet are given. To connect to these type fuses, the lowest diameter cables are suggested. Please, refer to the standard called EN 50525-2-31(VDE 0100-430) in this subject. The selection should be such that the cable will allow at most 0.5 Vdc decreasing.

"External Battery Temperature Measurement Kit" provided for optimization of the batteries according to battery temperatures in the external battery cabinet application. The batteries will be optimized according to the temperature.



3.1.5.5 Control and Communication Cable Connections

ENSMART POWER UPS products have standard or optional connections of advanced external battery cabinet, environmental monitoring, control panels and various intelligent monitoring.

Connections at the front side of the UPS:

- One RS232 serial communication bus (RS232/Inverter Service)
- Two optional expansion slots

Connections on the top of the UPS:

- One parallel connection socket

3.2 Parallel Setup

The product which you have bought can be operated in parallel; however, this feature is offered as an option. Please contact your authorized dealer for parallel operation.

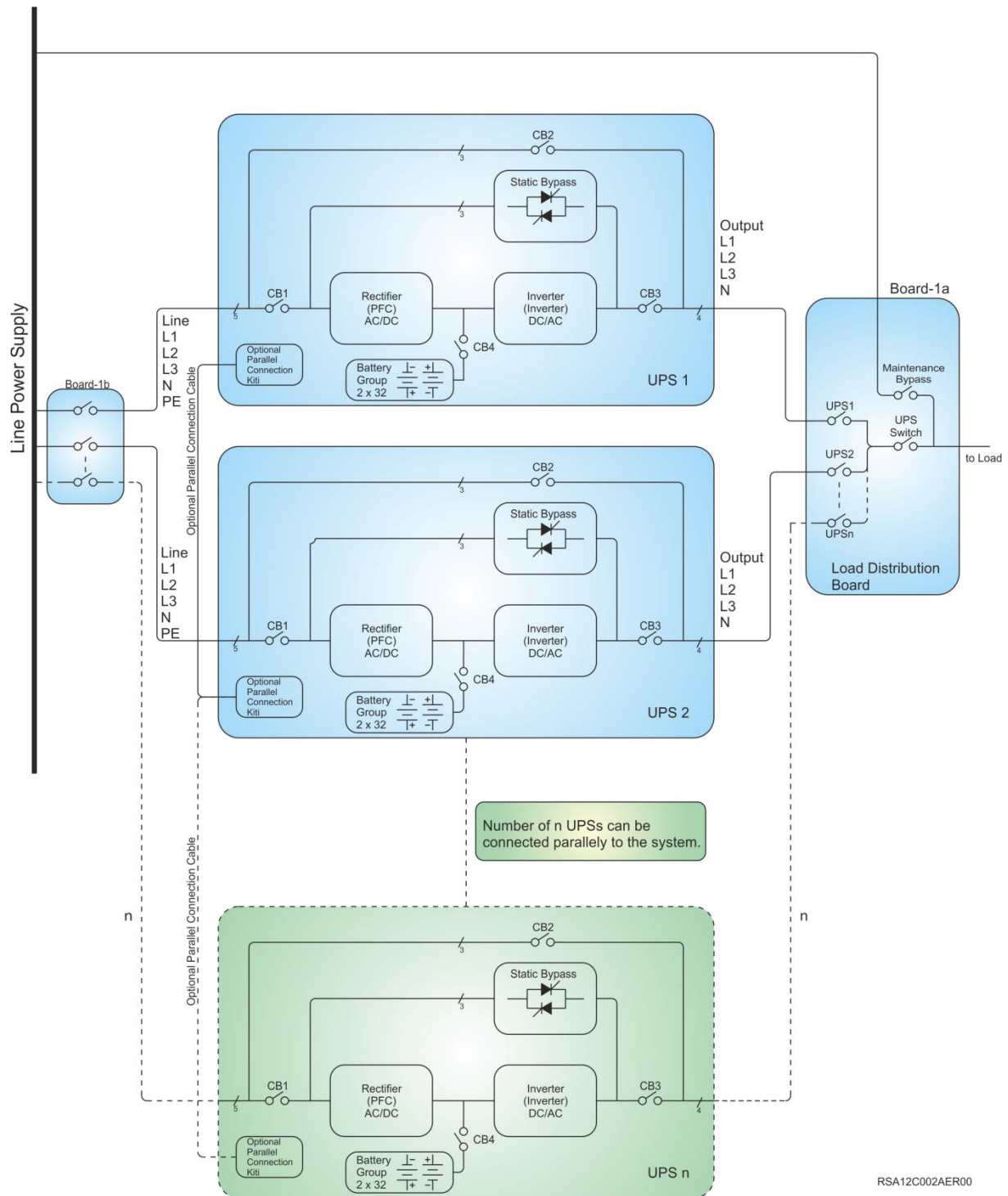


Parallel application should be made by authorized personnel assigned by ENSMART POWER!

In case of need of redundancy or more power, SMART-BX SERIES devices can be operated as parallel up to the amount of 8. A principle scheme which shows a system in which two UPS are connected in parallel is given below:

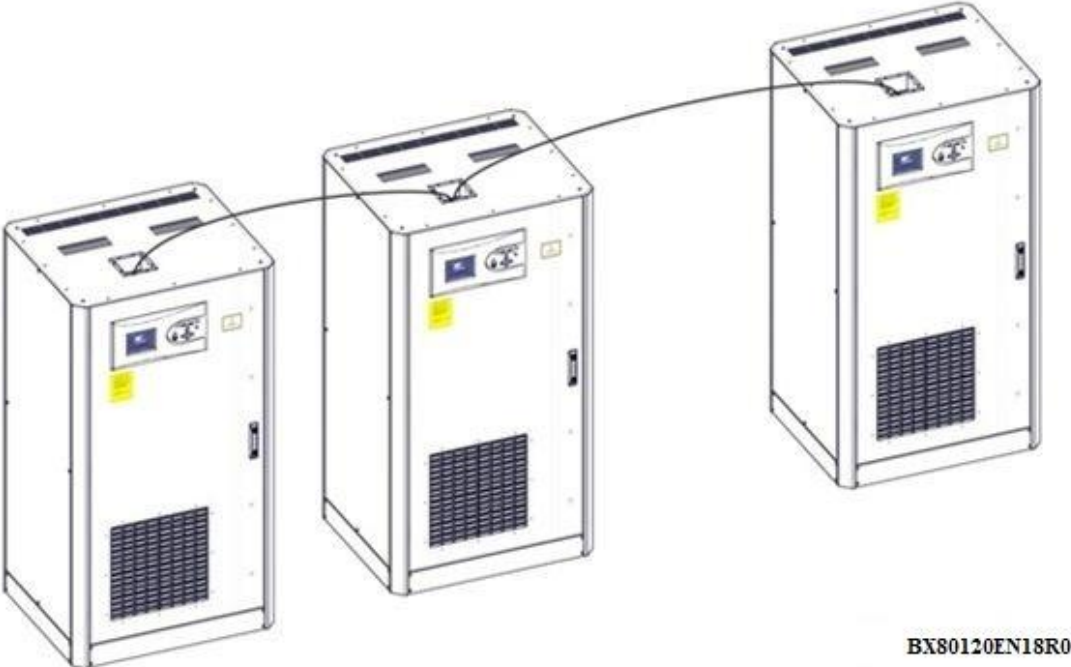
Input and output of more than one device are connected to each other; but definitely each battery group is different from another, batteries cannot be used in common. The following points should be considered while placement of devices in parallel system and their electrical connections are made:

- The devices which are connected in parallel must be from the same series and must have the same rated power.
- Devices must be running on the firmware with the same version and revision codes, devices operating with old firmware must be updated.
- Devices must be located as close possible as to each other (maximum 6 * 110 cm paralleling cables.)
- Each device must have its own neutral cable.
- Each device must have its own ground cable.
- Devices must be connected through the distribution board and phases must be properly connected. ($U_1-U_2-\dots-U_N$), ($V_1-V_2-\dots-V_N$), ($W_1-W_2-\dots-W_N$).
- Same battery group must not be connected to more than one device
- For equal current sharing, all cables with which the devices are connected to the board must be equal in length and cross section.

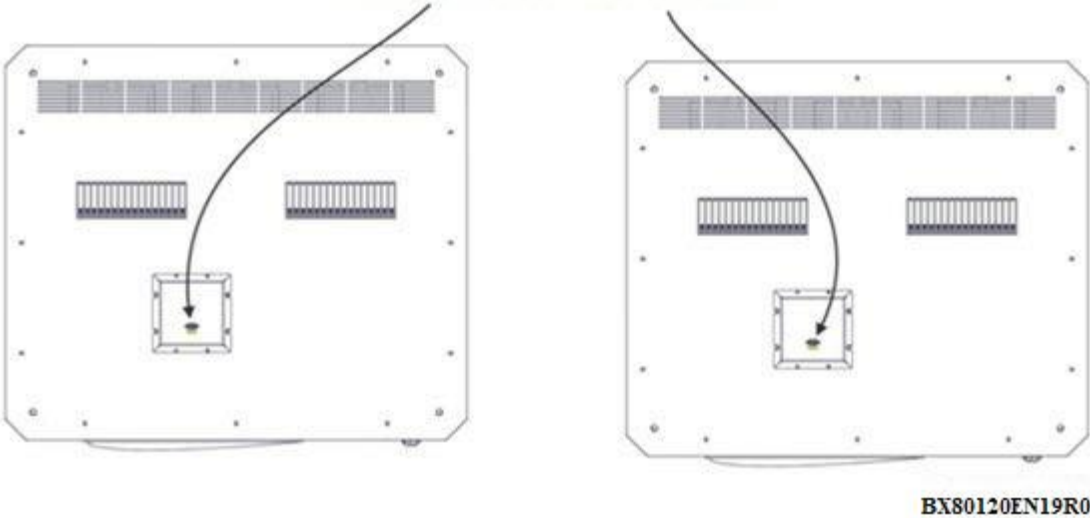


Parallel Settings

Connect the parallel cable as shown in figure below. Only use the cables provided by ENSMART POWER.



PARALLEL CONNECTION SOCKET



Software settings on the user panel should be made by authorized personnel.

4 OPERATION

4.1 Operation Procedure

You can find information about circuit breaker, first start-up, types of UPS operation tests, turning UPS off, EPO and RS232 serial communication system in this section.

4.1.1 Circuit Breakers

The UPS has four circuit breakers accessible from the front side. These are used for the AC input, maintenance bypass, output and the battery connections respectively.

Three-phase AC voltage is applied through **CB1** to input of UPS.

AC input voltage will be applied directly to loads through **CB2**. In this way, maintenance purposed switching is done properly.



WARNING: If the CB3 switch is in the off circuit (ON) position and the UPS is running in online mode, the UPS must be switched to the static bypass mode before the CB2 switch is turned to the closed circuit (ON) position.

CB3 is used to connect or separate AC voltage that come from static switches to the loads on UPS.

External batteries are connected to UPS through **CB4**.

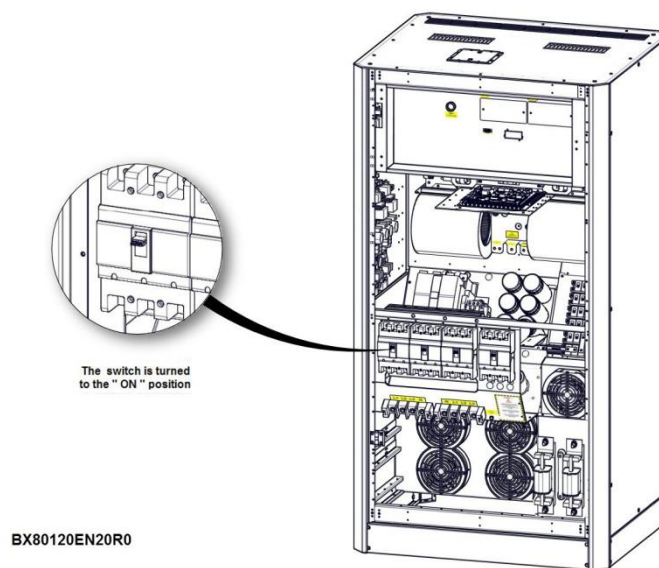
| Active Breakers | Operation Mode | Explanation |
|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| CB1, CB3, CB4 | Normal Mode | UPS operates in normal mode. |
| CB1, CB3, CB4 | Static Bypass Mode | UPS is overload, loads will be transferred to static bypass line temporarily. |
| CB2 | Test Mode | UPS is open but loads are supplied through mechanic bypass. |
| CB2 | Maintenance Mode | UPS is shut down for maintenance; maintenance is supplied through mechanic bypass. |

4.1.2 First Start-Up



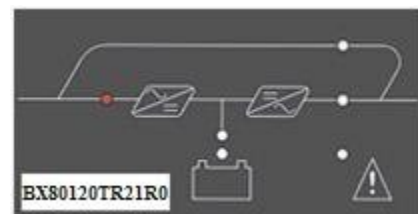
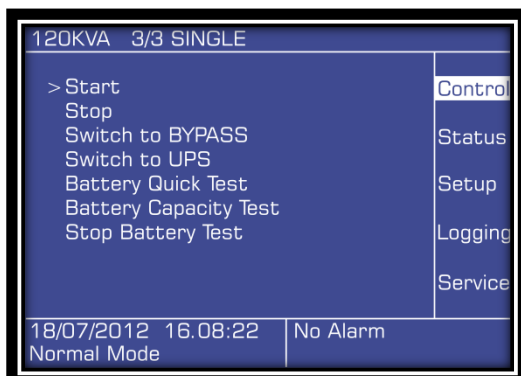
NOTICE: Wait at least 5 seconds between each step.

1. Switch all the breakers to open circuit (OFF) position.
2. Push the Soft Start button (SW1) for minimum 10 seconds.
3. Switch the input breaker (CB1) and external bypass switches (CB5) to closed circuit (ON) position.

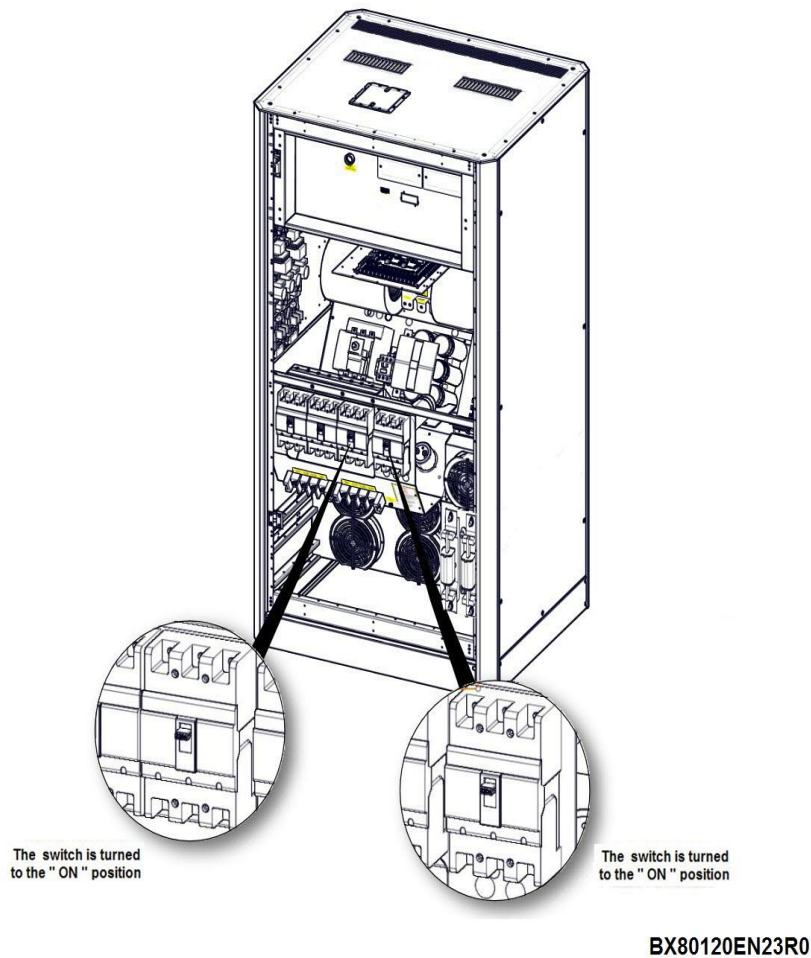
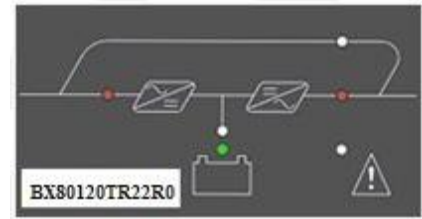


4. Start the UPS using the front panel.

Main Menu>Control>Password>Start



5. Check the device has switched to normal operation mode, via front panel display LEDs and LCD panel.
6. Switch battery circuit breaker (CB4) to ON position.
7. Switch output circuit breaker (CB3) to ON position.



8. You can turn on the loads connected to the device.

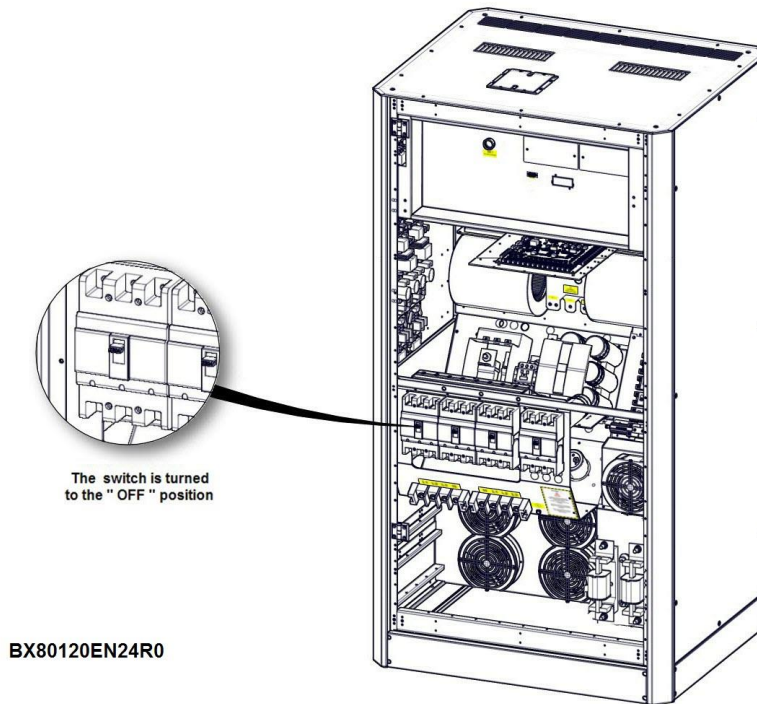
After all these steps, check that load is fed through inverter static switches via mimic diagram. In a contrary situation, check UPS total and phase loads. The UPS gives audio alerts in an overload condition, without feeding critical AC loads.

4.1.3 Testing the Operation Modes of the UPS

After first start switch between operating modes for control of operation

4.1.3.1 Switching from Normal Mode to Battery Mode

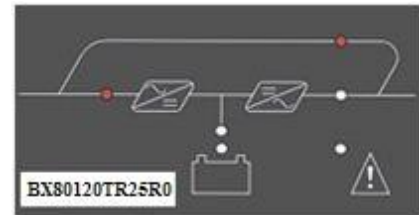
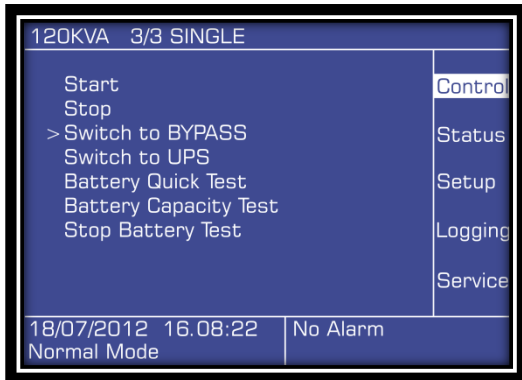
Switch off CB1. This action cuts off the mains voltage and the UPS starts operating on battery mode. After checking the operation, switch off CB1 again.



4.1.3.2 Switching from Normal Mode to Static Bypass Mode

Switch the UPS to bypass mode via user panel. Check if static bypass led has flashed in mimic diagram.

Main Menu>Control> Switch to BYPASS

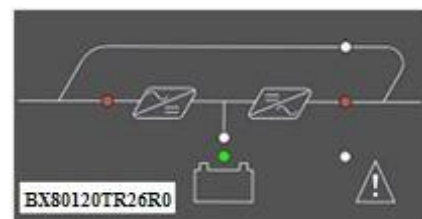
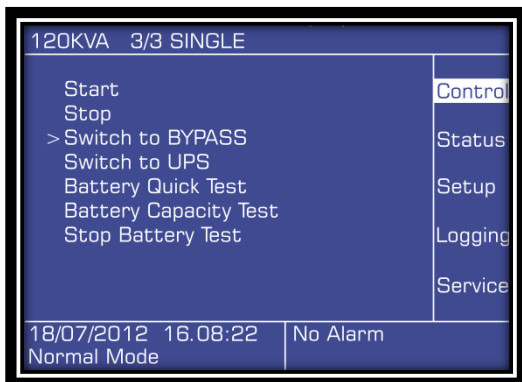


Note: The UPS will not switch to bypass mode if the mains is out of limits or phases are wrongly connected.

4.1.3.3 Switching from Static Bypass Mode to Normal Mode

Switch the device to UPS mode via user panel. Verify the case through mimic diagram.

Main Menu>Control> Switch to UPS



Note: The inverter will not undertake the load if the inverter voltage is out of limits or there is overload or over temperature situation.

4.1.3.4 Switching from Normal Mode to Maintenance Bypass Mode



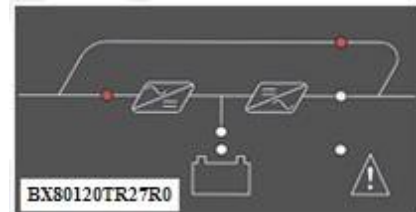
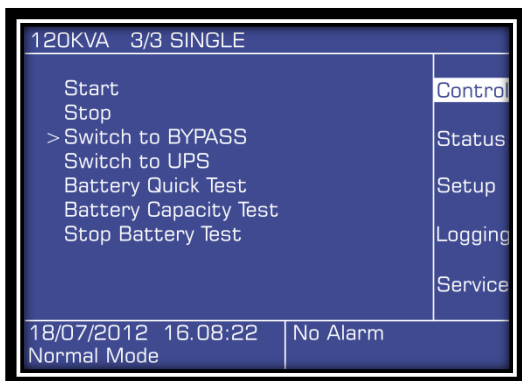
Make sure that the inverter output is synchronous with the maintenance bypass line before switching to maintenance bypass mode. Otherwise, there is a possibility of cutting off the load power for a short while.



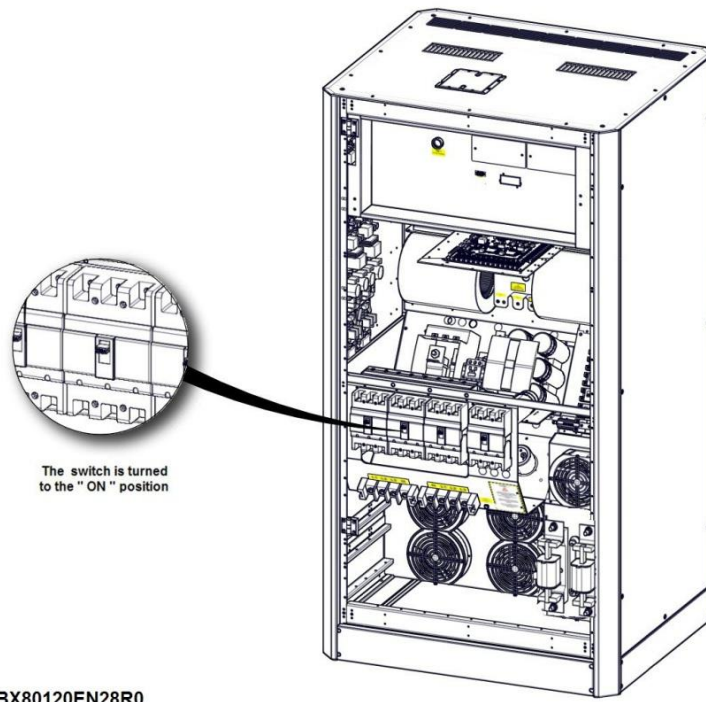
NOTICE! When device is fed through the maintenance bypass mode, no separate neutral connection is used, so the neutral connections must not be disconnected at any point inside the device. Otherwise, the neutral connection to the load will be interrupted. In such a case critical loads may remain without energy.

Switch the device to static bypass mode using the front panel. Check if static bypass led has flashed in mimic diagram.

Main Menu>Control> Switch to BYPASS

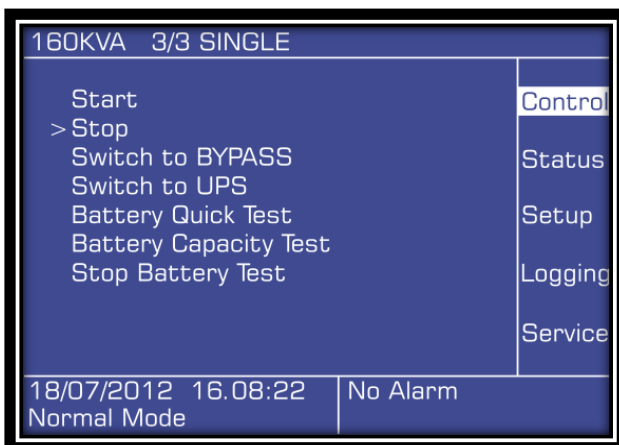


1. Switch on CB2. (ON)

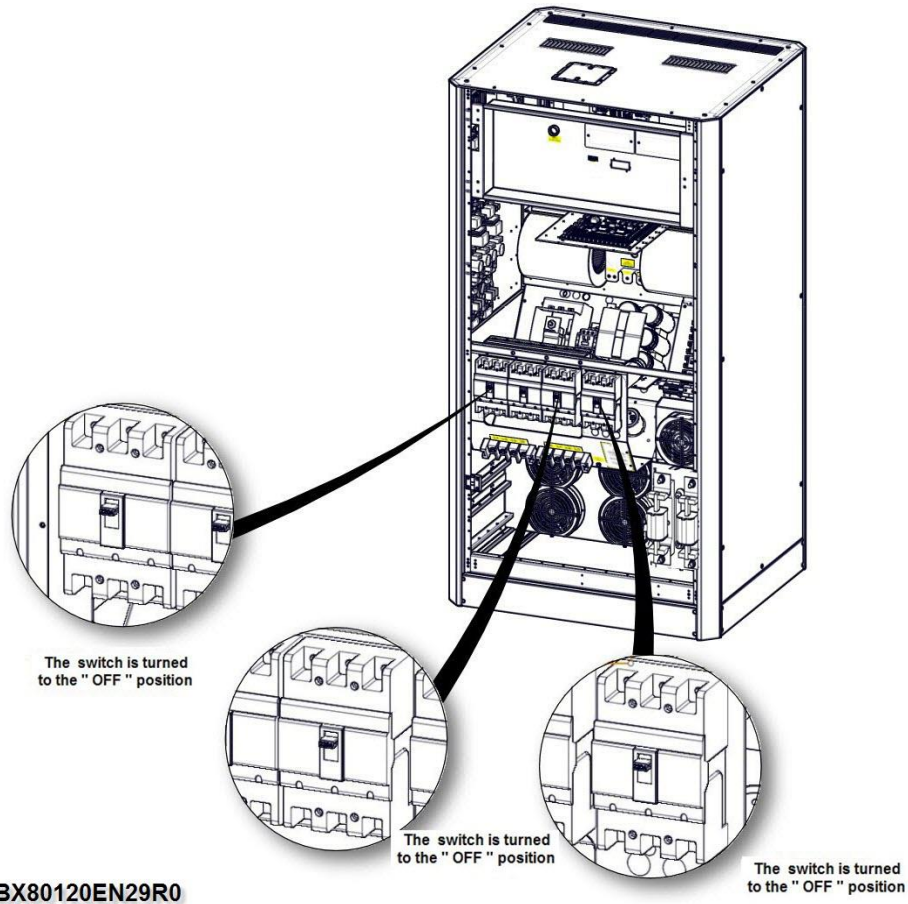


BX80120EN28R0

2. Stop the UPS using the front panel.
Main Menu>Control >Password>Stop



3. Switch off CB1, CB3 and CB4(OFF).

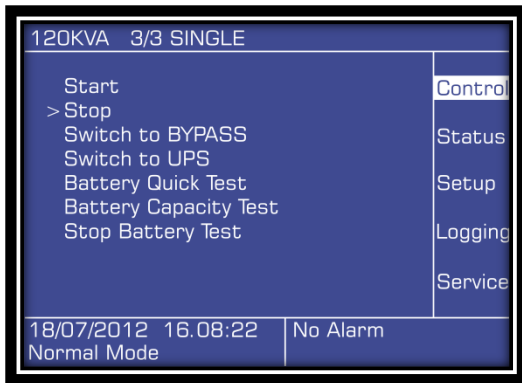


NOTICE: FOR SAFETY, WAIT 5 MINUTES AT LEAST BEFORE OPENING UP THE DEVICE AFTER YOU HAVE SWITCHED THE DEVICE TO THE MAINTENANCE BYPASS MODE.

4.1.4 Performing a Complete Shutdown

1. Turn off the loads connected to the device.
2. Stop the device using the front panel.

Main Menu > Control > Password > Stop



3. Check the UPS has switched to bypass mode, via LED indicators and LCD panel at the front side.
4. Switch the output (CB3), battery (CB4), external bypass (CB5) and input (CB1) to the (OFF) position respectively.



NOTICE: MAKE SURE THAT THERE ARE NO CRITICAL LOADS ON THE UPS OUTPUT BEFORE PERFORMING A COMPLETE SHUTDOWN.

4.1.5 EPO(Emergency Power OFF)

By pressing the EPO button, the UPS turns the rectifier, booster and the inverter off respectively. If the output breaker turn off option is also set, the UPS completely disconnects from the system.



4.1.6 RS232 Serial Communication Installation and Examination

SMART-BX series has an RS-232 interface which supports SEC and TELNET protocol as standard.

This interface is fully isolated and safe. The status of UPS can be monitored remotely via a PC or SNMP by using this protocol. This connection works with any kind of option.

5 EXPLANATIONS of LOGGING

The UPS will beep when any problem is detected. You can see the first information about the situation on the mimic status membrane. This may not be enough most of the time. In this case, you can see the following warnings by making use of log screen.

| | Event | Explanations of Events |
|----|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | RS232 Start Command | UPS was started by RS232 communication software. |
| 2 | RS232 Stop Command | UPS was stopped by RS232 communication software. |
| 3 | Auto Restart | After the batteries discharge totally, UPS restarted itself automatically after the mean time which adjusted that follows the mains getting back to normal values. |
| 4 | UPS Startup | The main board of the UPS is energized. |
| 5 | Bus not Charged | UPS could not charge its bus to the desired value. |
| 6 | Quick Battery Test | Quick battery test has begun. |
| 7 | Deep Battery Test | Battery capacity test has begun. |
| 8 | Battery Self -Test | Periodical battery test has begun. |
| 9 | End Of Discharge | Batteries' voltage has gone below cut off voltage value while UPS was operating on the battery mode. |
| 10 | Overload Timeout | UPS has operated at overload more than time limit adjusted. The Loads will be transferred to bypass line. |
| 11 | End of Battery Test | Battery test has completed. Details concerning test results can be monitored via the battery status menu. |
| 12 | Battery Test Aborted | Test was aborted manually or by UPS since the criteria were not provided during battery test. |
| 13 | Manuel Switch To BYPASS | Static switches directions were changed manually to the bypass line via UPS command menu. |
| 14 | No Battery | UPS detected that no battery exists during operation. |
| 15 | Maintenance BYPASS Switch On | Maintenance bypass switch has been activated. |
| 16 | Abnormal Ambient Temperature | UPS operating ambient temperature exceeded the permitted limits. |
| 17 | Inverter Over Temperature | Inverter's temperature is out of limits, in the event of 5 degrees increment more, the load will be transferred to Bypass line. |
| 18 | PFC Over Temperature | Rectifier's temperature is out of limits, in the event of 5 degrees increment more, the load will be transferred to Bypass line. |
| 19 | STS Over Temperature | Static transfer switches' temperatures are out of limits. UPS will be stopped. |

| | | |
|----|--------------------------------------|---|
| 20 | Output FL1 Over Current | Short circuit protection is activated for output L1 phase. |
| 21 | Output FL2 Over Current | Short circuit protection is activated for output L2 phase. |
| 22 | Output FL3 Over Current | Short circuit protection is activated for output L3 phase. |
| 23 | Bypass Voltage Bad | Bypass voltage value is out of limit while UPS was operating on the bypass mode. UPS will switch to normal mode if temperature and load status are normal, but if not, UPS will stop. |
| 24 | Bypass Frequency Bad | Bypass frequency value is out of limit while UPS was operating on the bypass mode. UPS will switch to normal mode if temperature and load status are normal, but if not, UPS will stop. |
| 25 | Coil Over Temperature | Over temperature is observed in UPS inverter or rectifier coils. |
| 26 | Inverter Voltage Bad | Inverter voltage limit values are exceeded. The load will be transferred to bypass line, when inverter voltage gets back to normal values, UPS will switch to normal mode again. |
| 27 | Overload | Output load value is over %105, overloading counter will start to count, If UPS is on normal mode, charging will be stopped until load value gets back to normal. |
| 28 | Maintenance BYPASS Switch Off | Maintenance bypass switch is deactivated. |
| 29 | Normal Ambient Temp. | UPS ambient temperature has got back to allowed limit values. |
| 30 | Normal Mains Voltage | Mains voltage is in the limited values, UPS will switch to normal mode. |
| 31 | Normal Inverter Temperature | Inverter temperature is in the limited values. If load and other temperature values are normal, UPS will switch to normal mode. |
| 32 | Normal PFC Temperature | Rectifier temperature is in the limited values. If load and other temperature values are normal, UPS will switch to normal mode. |
| 33 | Normal Charger Temperature | Charger/booster module temperature is in the allowed limits, charging will be activated again. |
| 34 | Normal STS Temperature | Temperature of static transfer switches is in the allowed limit. |
| 35 | Normal Bypass Voltage | Bypass voltage is within defined limits. |
| 36 | Normal Bypass Frequency | Bypass frequency is within defined limits. |
| 37 | Normal Coil Temperature | UPS inverter or rectifier coil temperature has got back to normal values. |
| 38 | Normal Inverter Voltage | Inverter voltage is in the limited values, UPS will switch to normal mode. |

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| 39 | Normal Load | Output load is under %100, If charging was shut down, it will be activated. |
| 40 | BYPASS Thyristor L1 Short Circuit | UPS has detected short circuit at bypass L1 thyristor. UPS will shut down. |
| 41 | BYPASS Thyristor L2 Short Circuit | UPS has detected short circuit at bypass L2 thyristor. UPS will shut down. |
| 42 | BYPASS Thyristor L3 Short Circuit | UPS has detected short circuit at bypass L3 thyristor. UPS will shut down. |
| 43 | UPS Thyristor L1 Short Circuit | UPS has detected short circuit at inverter L1 thyristor. UPS will shut down. |
| 44 | UPS Thyristor L2 Short Circuit | UPS has detected short circuit at inverter L2 thyristor. UPS will shut down. |
| 45 | UPS Thyristor L3 Short Circuit | UPS has detected short circuit at inverter L3 thyristor. UPS will shut down. |
| 46 | UPS Thyristor L1 Open Circuit | UPS has detected that inverter L1 thyristor cannot be activated. Load will be transferred to bypass line. |
| 47 | UPS Thyristor L2 Open Circuit | UPS has detected that inverter L2 thyristor cannot be activated. Load will be transferred to bypass line. |
| 48 | UPS Thyristor L3 Open Circuit | UPS has detected that inverter L3 thyristor cannot be activated. Load will be transferred to bypass line. |
| 49 | BYPASS Thyristor L1 Open Circuit | UPS has detected that bypass L1 thyristor cannot be activated. Load will be transferred to inverter line. |
| 50 | BYPASS Thyristor L2 Open Circuit | UPS has detected that bypass L2 thyristor cannot be activated. Load will be transferred to inverter line. |
| 51 | BYPASS Thyristor L3 Open Circuit | UPS has detected that bypass L3 thyristor cannot be activated. Load will be transferred to inverter line. |
| 52 | Parallel System Phase Sequence Error | One or more of UPSs which operate in parallel mode do not match in phase sequence. |
| 53 | Battery Start | UPS was given the command to start from the battery. |
| 54 | Parallel Start Error | One or more of UPSs which operate in parallel mode could not be prepared to operate. |
| 55 | Inverter Error | UPS couldn't prepare the inverter voltage when it was started. |
| 56 | Output Off | Static transfer switches all disabled. The loads cannot be energized. |
| 57 | Normal Mode | UPS is operating in the normal mode, loads are energized through rectifier – inverter line. |
| 58 | Battery Mode | UPS is operating in the battery mode, loads are energized through battery – inverter line. |

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| 59 | Bypass Mode | UPS is operating in the bypass mode, loads are energized through bypass line. |
| 60 | Maintenance Bypass Mode | UPS is operating in the maintenance bypass mode, loads are energized through maintenance bypass line. |
| 61 | Parallel Mode | 2 or more UPS are operating in power sharing mode. Load is fed through UPSs' inverter lines. |
| 62 | Test Mode | UPS has switched to battery test mode, loads are energized through rectifier- battery- inverter line as source sharing. |
| 63 | Switch to Inverter Mode | Switching to inverter mode command has been given via front panel. |
| 64 | Output Voltage Error | Output voltage is detected during the period of starting UPS. UPS has been stopped. |
| 65 | PFC Stop Command | Abnormal situation is detected during the moment of rectifier operating. UPS has given a command to stop itself. |
| 66 | Start Command | Start command is given via UPS command menu. |
| 67 | Stop Command | Stop command is given via UPS command menu. |
| 68 | UPS Stopped | UPS has been stopped. |
| 69 | Bypass Error | UPS has switched to bypass mode so many times in a short period, UPS will be shut down. |
| 70 | Parameters Changed | Device-related parameters were changed on the service menu. |
| 71 | Battery Changed | Battery replacement date has been changed. Battery statistics will be reset. |
| 72 | Load Impact Transfer | The load which cannot be handled by inverter is activated. Loads will be transferred to bypass line. |
| 73 | Parallel Command | An UPS which is operating in parallel mode has been given a command to change the status of static switches. |
| 74 | No Parallel CAN Bus Communication | Slave UPS which is operating in parallel mode can't reach to master UPS from CAN bus. If UPS is operating, will be shut down. |
| 75 | Externally Start Command | UPS which is operating in parallel mode has been received a command to start up by another UPS. |
| 76 | Externally Stop Command | UPS which is operating in parallel mode has been received a command to stop by another UPS. |
| 77 | Externally Switch To BYPASS. | UPS which is operating in parallel mode has been received a command to transfer the load to bypass line. |
| 78 | Externally Switch To UPS | UPS which is operating in parallel mode has been received a command to transfer the load to inverter. |
| 79 | Parallel Communication FE Error | Slave UPS which is operating in parallel mode has detected a failure of input current sharing. |
| 80 | Inverter OKEY | Inverter voltage reached needed value after UPS is started up. UPS can feed the loads through inverter. |

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|-----|--------------------------------------|---|
| 81 | Abnormal Battery Temperature | Battery temperature is out of defined limits, batteries can be damaged. |
| 82 | EPO key pressed | EPO button is pressed. |
| 83 | Low Battery | Battery capacity has decreased below defined battery low limit while UPS was operating in battery mode. |
| 84 | No Parallel 485 Communication | No RS485 communication between the parallel systems is available. |
| 85 | STS Over Current | Time of over load in Bypass line is up. |
| 86 | BYPASS Phase Sequence Error | Reverse phase sequence was detected in mains at the UPS run time. |
| 87 | Output DC Voltage Error | Inverter DC voltage limit has been exceeded. Loads will be transferred to the bypass line. |
| 88 | Output Offset Error | One or more phases of slave devices' output is not connected to master device in parallel systems. |
| 89 | Normal Battery Temperature | Battery temperature is within limits. |
| 90 | PFC Pbus Over Voltage | Positive bus voltage limit excess. |
| 91 | PFC Nbus Over Voltage | Negative bus voltage limit excess. |
| 92 | PFC FL1 Over Current | Short circuit protection is activated in rectifier L1 phase. |
| 93 | PFC FL2 Over Current | Short circuit protection is activated in rectifier L2 phase. |
| 94 | PFC FL3 Over Current | Short circuit protection is activated in rectifier L3 phase. |
| 95 | Single Stop | Command to stop itself has been given to UPS which is operating in parallel mode separately from parallel system. |
| 96 | Master Changed | UPS became master device in parallel system. |
| 97 | Parallel ID Coincidence | ID values of one or more device are the same as each other in parallel system. |
| 98 | Stop All | Stop the whole parallel unit command was given via front panel. |
| 99 | Power Supply Error | An error signal is detected through power source circuit debugger. |
| 100 | Generator Mode | Signal is detected from generator mode input of dry contact board. UPS will switch to generator mode. |

6 TABLE of TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Technical Specifications | | | |
|--|---|--------|--------|
| Power | 80kVA | 100kVA | 120kVA |
| Active Power | 64kW | 80kW | 96kW |
| INPUT | | | |
| Input Voltage Range | 220/380 VAC - %15 + %18 3P + N + PE | | |
| Input Power Factor | At Full Load > 0,99 | | |
| Input Frequency Range | 45-65 Hz (Selectable) | | |
| Rectifier | IGBT Rectifier | | |
| Total Harmonic Distortion (THDi) | <4% | | |
| OUTPUT | | | |
| Output Voltage | 220/380 VAC 3P + N \pm 1% Static, \pm 1% Dynamic | | |
| Recovery | At 0% - 100% - 0% load maximum output tolerance 5%, 1% back to band <40ms. | | |
| Efficiency | Up to 93%. | | |
| Output Frequency Range | In 50Hz \pm 0,5% range synchronous with the network, 50Hz \pm 0,2% battery mode | | |
| Output Harmonic Distortion (THDv) | Linear Load <2% | | |
| | Non-Linear Load <6% | | |
| Crest Factor (CF) | 3:1 | | |
| Overload Capacity | At 125 % load 10 minutes, at 150 % load 1 minute. | | |
| Protections | The input voltage is out of tolerance, input frequency is out of tolerance, input phase failure, output voltage is out of tolerance, output frequency is out of tolerance, output phase failure, DC component that can occur at the output voltage, Overload that will occur at the output (out of the periods specified), Overheating that will cause failure related to over temperature, high voltage which will occur at DC bus voltage, low voltage which will occur at DC bus voltage, short circuit at the output. | | |

| BATTERY | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------|--------|
| Quantity (12V DC VRLA) | 62 (consists of 2 independent 31 battery groups) | | |
| Charge Value (C) | Nominal 0.1 C, selectable. | | |
| Battery Power | 25% of the device power | | |
| COMMUNICATION | | | |
| Communication Port | RS232 Standard, RS485 and SNMP Adapter option | | |
| Dry Contact | Optional | | |
| Protocol | SEC, TELNET | | |
| CERTIFICATES | | | |
| Quality | ISO 9001 | | |
| Safety | EN 62040-1-1, EN 60950 | | |
| EMC / LVD | EN 62040-2 | | |
| GENERAL | | | |
| Running Temperature | 0 °C ~40 °C range (for batteries 0 ~ 25 °C) | | |
| Storage Temperature | -15 °C ~ 45 °C range (for batteries -10 ~ 60°C) | | |
| Protection Class | IP20 | | |
| Chassis | Anti-Static Paint Protection | | |
| Humidity | 0-95 % | | |
| Operating Altitude | <1000m, Correction Factor 1. <2000m, Correction Factor >0,92, <3000m; Correction Factor >0,84 | | |
| Logging | 500 detailed event log. (Status Menu is recorded) | | |
| Parallel Operation | Parallel power increase up to 8 pieces | | |
| EPO (Emergency Power Off) | Standard | | |
| Isolation Transformer | Optional | | |
| Net Weight (Without Battery) | 285kg. | 305kg. | 310kg. |
| Dimensions (W x D x H)mm | 886x776x1657mm | | |

7CONTACT INFORMATION



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